Mediterranean Hummus Fresh Mexican Salsa North African Oranges



Mediterranean Hummus

A savory garbanzo bean dip that is the perfect companion to pita bread or pita chips

Lesson Plan

Grade Level & Subject Area: 7th or 8th Grade Science, Health, or Humanities Length of Unit: 15 minutes for background lesson; 30 minutes for food preparation

ABSTRACT

Home

This unit presents a brief background of the history, geography, and significance of hummus. Through cooking, eating, lecture, and discussion, students are exposed to a healthful food in a new way. As the culminating activity of this unit, students will have the opportunity to prepare and enjoy hummus as a delicious food with origins in another part of the world. The overall goal of this unit is to encourage students to try a potentially new food in order to expose them to the possibilities offered by foods from other cultures.

Learning Objectives

- 1. Students will be able to identify the geographic origin of hummus.
- 2. Students will be able to correctly write two "fun facts" from the lesson plan.
- 3. Students will be able to correctly list all major ingredients in hummus.

1. HISTORY

- a) Hummus is one of the oldest prepared foods, dating back to ancient Egypt.
- b) Chickpeas, the main ingredient in hummus, have been part of the human diet for more than 10,000 years.
- c) The chickpea was used as a food item in <u>Palestine</u> before 4000 BC, was one of the earliest crops cultivated in <u>Mesopotamia</u>, and was a common street dish in <u>ancient Rome</u>.

2. GEOGRAPHY

- a) Hummus is a popular food in various local forms throughout the Middle Eastern world and Greece.
- b) Hummus is a common part of everyday meals in Israel.
- c) Olive oil, an important ingredient in hummus, comes from olives indigenous to Syria, Palestine, and Crete.

3. "FUN FACTS"

- a) The word "hummus" is the Arabic word for chickpea.
- b) Chickpeas are also known as "garbanzo beans."
- c) "Garbanzo" is the Spanish translation of chickpea.
- d) Italian for chickpea is "cece."
- e) <u>Cicero</u>, a famous ancient Roman philosopher, was named for an ancestor who had a wart on his nose shaped like a chickpea.

SKIII UDJECTIVES

- 1. Students will wash their hands with soap and water prior to beginning food preparation.
- 2. Students will practice proper food safety by washing appropriate ingredients prior to preparation.
- 3. Students will carefully use knives to prepare ingredients.
- 4. Students will learn to prepare fresh hummus from single ingredients.
- 5. Students will try a food they may not have eaten before.

ADDITIONAL TEACHER RESOURCES

- A. On Food and Cooking: The Science and Lore of the Kitchen by Harold McGee.
- B. Wikipedia (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/hummus) ... We know, we know. Wikipedia. We're only suggesting it because this article does provide a referenced overview of the history of hummus, and the site provides links to other valuable resources.

Please click a link below to download the recipe and lesson plan formatted to your class size

10 Students

20 Students

30 Students