

# Air Layering Tropical Ornamental Hardwoods



**Joe DeFrank - UH-Manoa  
Tropical Plant and Soil Science**



**Tropical Plant & Soil Sciences Department**  
University of Hawaii at Manoa

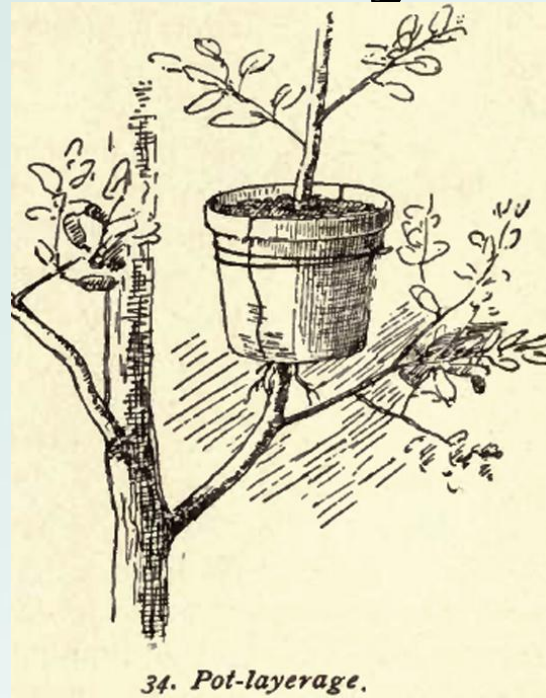
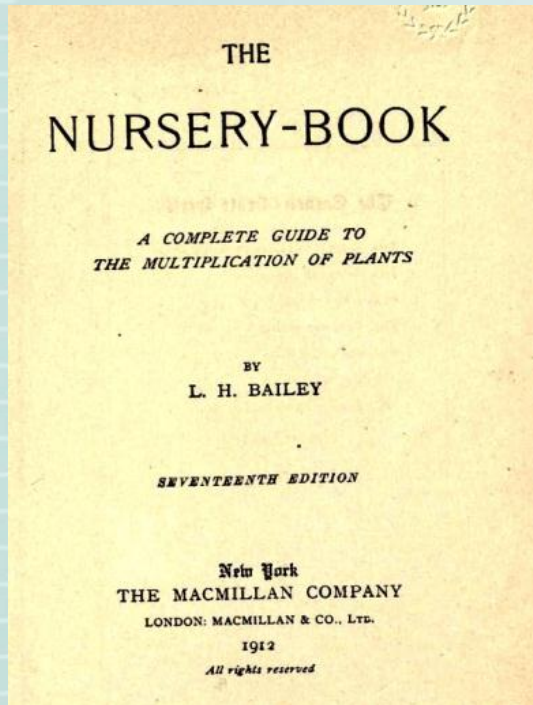
# Topics Covered

- **What is air-layering**
- **Various types of air-layer systems**
- **Details of improve air-layer method**





# What is Air-layering



*Pot-layering, circumposition, air-layering and Chinese layering* are terms applied to the rooting of rigid stems by means of surrounding them, while in their natural position, with earth or moss, or similar material. The stem is wounded—commonly girdled—and a divided pot or box is placed about it and filled with earth (Fig. 34). The roots





# Various types of Air-layering

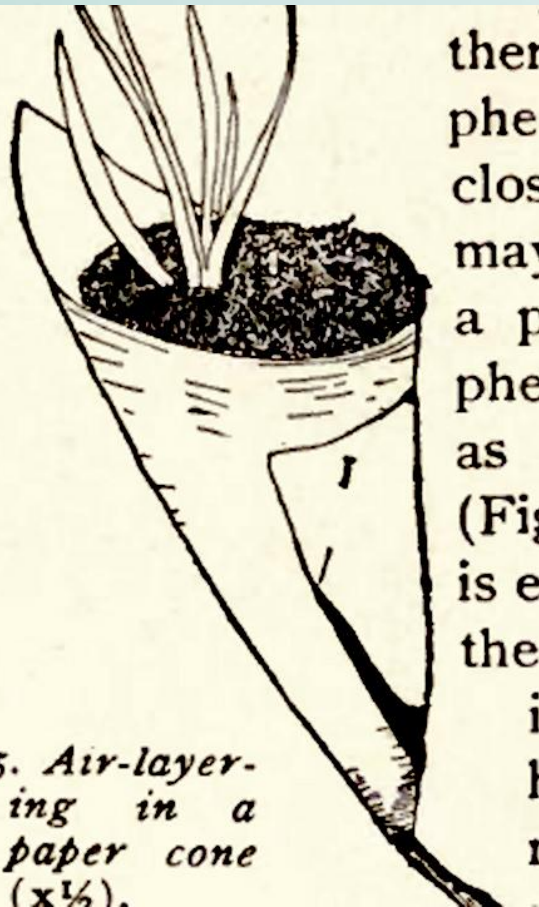
THE  
NURSERY-BOOK

A COMPLETE GUIDE TO  
THE MULTIPLICATION OF PLANTS

BY  
L. H. BAILEY

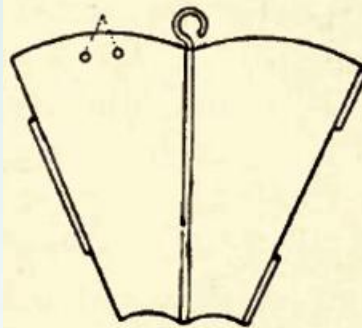
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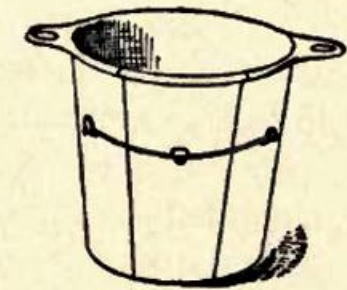
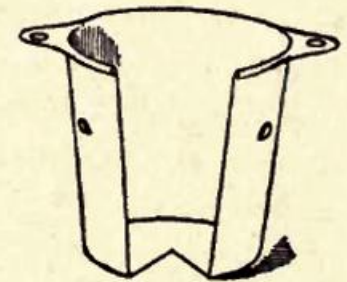


and after roots have formed abundantly the top may be cut off and potted independently, the old stump being discarded.

The French have various handy devices for facilitating pot-layering. Fig. 36 shows a layering-pot, provided with a niche in the side to receive the stem, and a flange behind for securing it to a support. The



pot shown in Fig. 33 is a similar device. Fig. 37 represents a layering-cone. It is made of zinc or other metal, usually 4 or 5 inches high, and





# Local air layer method with media in bags

Images courtesy Dr. Ken Leonhardt-UH TPSS



# Improvement to existing air layer systems



## Problems

1. Time consuming to prepare moss on film strips
2. Sealing ends w/string caused failures due to constriction above root formation zone
3. Ants invaded moss and caused rots
4. Opaque film = Uncertainty of root formation
5. Working off the ground, hard to apply film wraps





# **Improvement to existing air layer systems**

**Improvements to reduce time and improve % rooting**

- 1. Best time of year in HI: Sept to Nov. flowers all gone.**
- 2. Insure active growth and barks slips off easily**
- 3. Latex paint with insecticide for ants**
- 4. Attach net sack with sphagnum moss**
- 5. Apply shrink wrap to seal layer, clear plastic to viewing root formation**
- 6. Wrapping procedure to prevent constriction above root zone**
- 7. Incorporate drainage for work in higher rainfall areas**

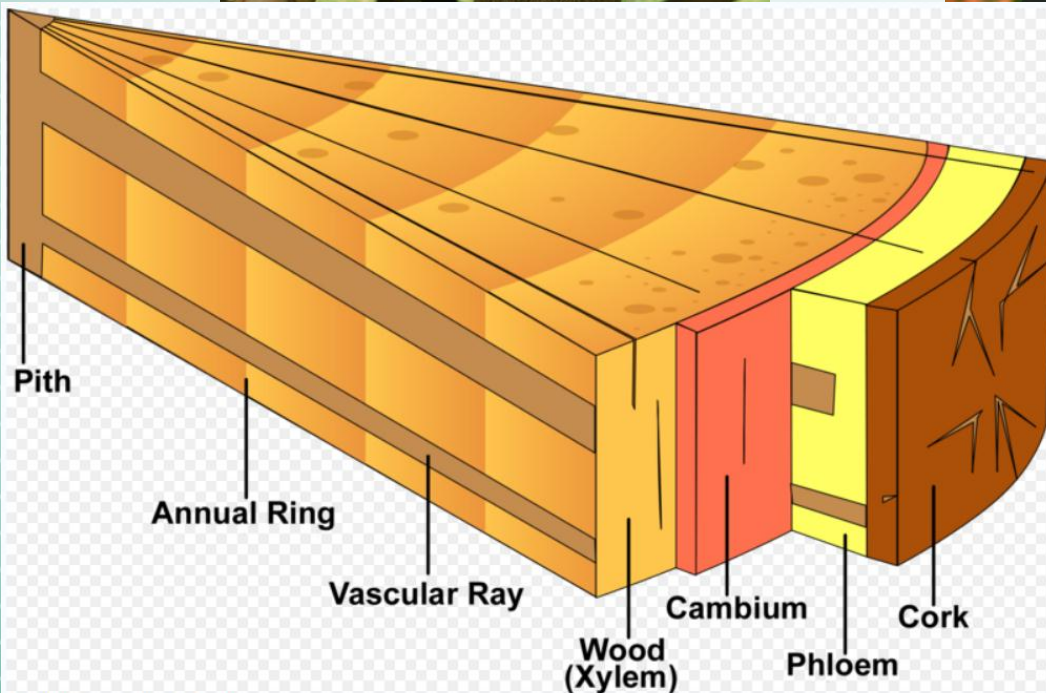


# Insure active growth and barks slips easily





**Remove cambium layer to prevent regrowth of top and bottom part of layer, results in loss of girdling effect, you need to expose woody stem**



Size of this preview: 800 x 523 pixels





- **Cut through bark and cambium layers at a angle with serrated knife**
- **Insures exposure of proper stem layer for hormone induction of root growth and maximum hormone surface area with grooves from knife**





**Apply rooting hormone to grooves produced with serrated knife.**



**0.8% Indol -3- butyric acid (Hormodin 3)**



# Latex paint with insecticide for ants



## Permethrin SFR Termiticide/Insecticide

**Ornamental Plants**, foliage and flowering plants, evergreens, woody and herbaceous non-edible ornamentals and non-bearing plants of fruiting species in landscaped

Ants  
Aphids  
Bagworm  
Beet Armyworm  
Birch Leafminer

4 to 8  
Fluid Ounces  
Per  
100 gallons  
-- or --



**Application:** Apply as a pinstream, as a fine/coarse, low pressure spray (20 psi or less), as a spot treatment or with a paintbrush. Treat where





**Fill net sack with sphagnum moss, for hands free film application**



**Long media sack for branches of various sizes**



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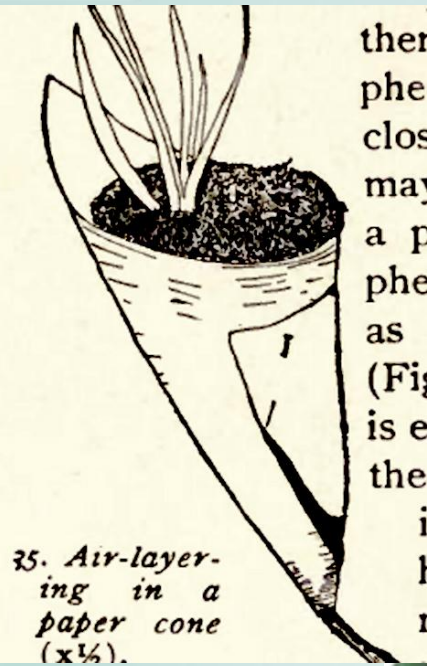


**Shrink wrap secures media for strong root growth**



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Opening at top side requires ant control and drainage



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**Prolific root growth allows for direct field plantings**

**Layers planted 02/25/07**

**Photo on 08/13/11 = 4.5 yrs.**





# For more information on topics covered

Contact

Dr. Joe DeFrank

3190 Maile Way Rm. 102

Honolulu, HI 96822

Email: [defrenk@hawaii.edu](mailto:defrenk@hawaii.edu)

Ph: 808-956-5698

FAX: 808-956-3894

