METRIBUZIN 75

Dry Flowable Herbicide

For control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Metribuzin, 4-Amino-6- (1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-	
1,2,4-triazin-5 (4H)-one	75%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25%
TOTAL	100%

Stop - Read the label before use.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

EPA REG. NO. 34704-876

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-1

NET CONTENTS 5 LBS. (2.26 KG)

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FIRST AID

If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
If on skin or clothing:	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-800-301-7976.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note To Physician: Treat patient symptomatically.

Obtain prompt medical aid if poisoning should occur.

Symptoms of Poisoning: The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Poisoning is accompanied by breathing difficulties and sedation.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

May be harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA Chemical Resistant Category Selection Chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

· Chemical-resistant gloves made out of any waterproof material

· Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should:Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of children.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory: Metribuzin is a chemical which can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can contaminate ground water which may be used as drinking water. Metribuzin has been found in ground water as a result of agricultural use. Users are advised not to apply metribuzin where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface, and where the soils are very permeable, i.e., well-drained soils such as loamy sands. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protections of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protections Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Applicators and other handlers must use:
- Chemical resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber, or nitrile rubber, or neoprene
- rubber, or natural rubber
- Shoes plus socks.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Mixing: When using this product, make sure the sprayer is completely clean, free of rust or corrosion which occurs from winter storage. Examine strainers and screens to be sure the sprayer is clean from previously used pesticides.

Any tank-mix containing this product should be kept agitated and sprayed out immediately. Do not allow tank-mixes to stand for prolonged periods of time.

The proper mixing procedure for Metribuzin 75 alone or in tank-mix combinations with other herbicides is:

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/3 full with clean water.
- Add specified rate of this product while recirculating and with agitator running. 2.
- 3. Follow the triple rinse procedure described under "Storage And Disposal" to insure that all product is removed from the container.
- 4. Mix thoroughly and add clean water to fill spray tank to desired level.
- 5. Add the other herbicide to tank last and agitate thoroughly.
- Continue agitation during application and until sprayer tank is empty. 6.

Soil Texture: As used on this label, "Coarse soils" are loamy sand or sandy loam soils. "Medium soils" are loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, or sandy clay loam. "Fine soils" are silty clay, silty clay loam, clay, or clay loam. Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application. Do not allow sprays to drift on to adjacent desirable plants.

Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Do not use on other crops grown for food or forage. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

For all uses: Low-pressure and high-volume hand-wand equipment is prohibited.

CHEMIGATION

This product may be used for application through sprinkler irrigation equipment to potatoes, soybeans, tomatoes, and asparagus as directed on this label. Refer to the crop sections of this label for rates, weeds controlled or suppressed, restrictions and special precautions.

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, or solid set) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Calibration: (Center Pivot and Self-Propelled Lateral Move Systems): Sprinkler irrigation systems must be accurately calibrated for application of this product. Greater accuracy in calibration (and distribution) will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture of product and water per hour. Follow the steps below to calibrate center pivot and lateral move systems:

- Determine number of minutes required to make one complete revolution while applying 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water per acre.
- 2. With the system at operating pressure determine the exact number of minutes required to inject one gallon of water.
- 3. Divide the time required for one revolution (step 1) by the time required to inject one gallon (step 2). This gives total gallons of product-water mixture to be added to nurse tank.
- 4. Add required amount of water to nurse tank and start the agitation system. Then add this product at the appropriate rate (see Broadcast Applications) to the nurse tank.

Example: If 20 hours (1200 minutes) were required for one revolution and if 2 minutes were required to inject one gallon, then a total of 600 gallons of product-water mixture are required (1200/2=600); to treat 135 acres at 2/3 lb/acre, 90.5 lb of this product are reauired.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and lowpressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, guick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in the injection nurse tanks during the herbicide application, sufficient to keep herbicide in suspension.

Apply specified dosage in 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water (1/4 to 1/2 inch of water on sandy soils) per acre as a continuous injection in center pivot and lateral move systems or in the last 15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkler systems. Application of more than the quantity of irrigation water listed on this label may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently unacceptable weed control may result. Where sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, crop injury may result. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure that lines are flushed and free of remaining pesticide, an indicator dye may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Use a minimum of 1 part water to 1 part herbicide for injection. The use of a larger volume of water will insure greater accuracy and more uniform distribution.

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1 The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be 2. pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.
- The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

Information On Droplet Size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 34 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind directions and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature And Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: This product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Application of This Product With Herbicide Spray Equipment

Use a standard low-pressure (20 to 40 psi.) herbicide boom sprayer equipped with suitable nozzles and screens no finer than 50-mesh in nozzle and in-line strainers. Agitate thoroughly before and during application with bypass agitation. Low pressure and high volume hand wand equipment is prohibited.

Ground Application: Apply the proper rate of this product in a minimum of 10 to 40 gallons of spray mixture per acre broadcast.

Banded Application: Use proportionally less of this product per acre in a band versus a broadcast application. For band application use 1/4 to 1 gallon of spray mix per inch of band width regardless of row spacing.

Examples: (1) To treat a 15-inch band on rows 30 inches apart, use one-half of the broadcast rate of this product. (2) To treat a 14-inch band on rows 42 inches apart, use one-third of the broadcast rate of this product.

Aerial Application: Where permitted, apply specified rate in a minimum of 2 to 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Do not apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph.

Note: Do not apply aerially when this product is tank-mixed with Lassoâ.

For All Applications of Metribuzin 75: Sprayer must be accurately calibrated before applying this product. Check sprayer during application to be sure it is working properly and delivering a uniform spray pattern. As the volume of spray mixture decreases per acre, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Avoid over application, misapplication, and boom and spray swath overlapping that will increase spray dosage. (Crop injury may occur as a result.) Avoid spray skips and gaps which allow weeds to grow in untreated soil. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift and/or when sensitive or cool season crops, such as cole crops, onions, peas, or strawberries are present in adjacent fields or in areas where wheat is growing in coarse textured soils.

Sprayer Cleanup: Spray equipment must be thoroughly cleaned to remove remaining traces of herbicide that might injure other crops to be sprayed. Drain any remaining spray solution of this product from the spray tank and dispose of according to label disposal instructions. Rinse the spray tank and refill with water, adding a heavy-duty detergent at the rate of one cup per 20 gallons of water. Recycle this mixture through the equipment for 5 minutes and spray out. Repeat this procedure twice. Fill the spray tank with clean water, recycle for 5 minutes, and spray out. Clean pump and nozzle screens thoroughly. Wash away any spray mixture from the outside of spray tank, nozzles or spray rig. All rinse water must be disposed of in compliance with local, state, and Federal guidelines.

Application Of Metribuzin 75 In Fluid Fertilizers

This product may be applied in fluid fertilizer solutions to alfalfa and soybeans by following the appropriate mixing procedures and compatibility check. When using tank-mix combinations, be sure all components are compatible.

Compatibility checks of this product and tank-mix combinations which include this product should be made for each batch of fluid fertilizer because of the variability of these fertilizers. Compatibility Check:

- Pre-mix 2 teaspoonfuls of this product with 8 teaspoonfuls of water (1:4 ratio) in a quart jar by adding the water first and follow with this product. Mix thoroughly. If a second herbicide is to be used, double the amount of water (1:8 ratio) and add the second herbicide after mixing this product first.
- 2. Then pour 1 pint of fluid fertilizer into the quart jar and shake well.
- 3. Allow to stand for 5 minutes.

THIS COMPATIBILITY CHECK SHOULD ONLY BE USED WHEN MIXING WITH FLUID FERTILIZERS.

Interpretation of Results: If the solution in the jar appears to be uniform, without signs of agglomeration, or without a separation of an oily film on top of the fertilizer, the mixture may be used. If not, repeat the compatibility check using twice the amount of water or add a compatibility agent to the water. If separation occurs, but the mixture can be resuspended by shaking, then application is possible with good agitation in the spray tank.

Tank-mixing Guidelines:

- Add the required amount of water and compatibility agent (if required) to the tank. Start agitation system while adding this product and follow by adding the fluid fertilizer and agitate.
- If a second herbicide is to be used, follow as above in 1, but use twice the amount of water. Start agitation, add Metribuzin 75 and follow by adding the second herbicide, and then continue filling the tank with fluid fertilizer.
- Maintain continuous agitation to assure uniform spray mixture until the tank is emptied.

Commercial Impregnation And Application Of Metribuzin 75 On Dry Bulk Fertilizer Dry bulk fertilizer may be impregnated or coated with this product for application to established alfalfa and to soybeans. All recommendations, cautions, and special precautions on this label must be followed along with state regulations relating to dry bulk fertilizer blending, impregnating and labeling.

Impregnation: To impregnate, use a system consisting of a belt, conveyor, or closed drum which is used for dry bulk fertilizer blending. Any commonly used fertilizer can be impregnated with this product except ammonium nitrate, or fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate, potassium nitrate, or sodium nitrate. Do not use on powder limestone.

Apply using a minimum of 200 lb dry bulk fertilizer per acre and up to a maximum of 450 lb per acre. To impregnate or coat dry bulk fertilizer, mix this product with sufficient water to form a sprayable slurry. The delivery nozzles must be directed to deliver a fine spray toward the fertilizer for thorough coverage while avoiding spray contact with mixing equipment. Uniform impregnation of this product to dry bulk fertilizer will vary and if the absorptivity is not adequate, an absorptive powder may be added to produce a dry, free-flowing mixture. Micro-Cel E (Johns-Manville Product Corporation) is the recommended absorbent powder. When another herbicide is used with this product, mix and impregnate immediately.

Apply immediately after impregnation unless experience has shown that impregnated fertilizer can be stored without becoming lumpy and difficult to spread.

Rates: Select the specified rate of this product per acre from the appropriate section of this label and refer to the formula below to determine the amount of this product which is to be impregnated on a ton of dry bulk fertilizer based on the amount of fertilizer which will be distributed on one acre.

Lb Metribuzin 75	х	2000 Lb Fertilizer	=	Lb Metribuzin 75
Acre		Acre		Ton of Fertilizer

Application: Uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control. Accurate calibration of fertilizer application equipment is essential for uniform distribution to the soil surface. Apply ½ the specified rate and overlap 50 percent or to double apply by splitting the middles to obtain the best distribution pattern.

If fertilizer materials are excessively dusty, use diesel oil or other suitable additive to reduce dust prior to impregnation, as dusty fertilizer will result in poor distribution during application. Crop injury and/or poor weed control may occur where the impregnated fertilizer is not uniformly applied.

Incorporation And Combination Uses: When this product is to be used in combination with another herbicide, follow directions on this label for combinations, rates, crops, incorporation, and special precautions.

SOYBEANS (Except California)

Metribuzin 75 tank-mix combinations may be used for preplant incorporated applications, preemergence surface applications, Split-Shot application and Extended Split-Shot application. This product may also be used as an overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of a recommended grass herbicide registered for this same use and alone as a pre-emergence surface application. All these applications can be applied with ground equipment, and some can be applied with aerial spray equipment. In addition, this product can be applied as a postemergence directed spray to soybeans in certain states.

Special Precautions (Soybeans): Injury to soybeans may occur when this product is used under the following conditions:

- 1. When soils have a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.
- 2. Due to the sensitivity of certain soybean varieties, this product is not recommended for use on Altona, AP 55, AP 71, Asgrow 6520, Burlison, Coker 102, Coker 156, Dassel, GL 3202, Govan, Maple Amber, NB 3665, NKS 1884, Paloma 350, Portage, Regal, Semmes, Terra-Vig 505, Terra-Vig 606, Tracy, Vansoy, and Vinton 81. Consult your Loveland Products, Inc. Representative or your seed supplier for more information on the tolerance to Metribuzin 75 of newly released soybean varieties, prior to use of this product.
- 3. When applied in conjunction with soil-applied organic phosphate pesticides.
- Over application or boom overlapping may result in stand loss and soil residues.
 Uneven application or improper incorporation can decrease the level of weed control and/or increase the level of injury.
- When applied to any soil with less than ½% organic matter.
- Soil incorporation deeper than recommended.
- 8. When sprayers are not calibrated accurately.
- When heavy rains occur soon after application, especially in poorly drained areas where water may stand for several days.

 When soybeans are planted less than 1-½ inches deep, particularly in preemergence application.

Activation: A minimum amount of soil moisture is required to active this product. In areas of low rainfall, preemergence applications to dry soil should be followed with light irrigation of ¼ acre-inch of water. Do not apply heavy irrigation immediately after application. As with many surface-applied herbicides, weed control and crop tolerance may vary with rainfall and/or soil texture.

Grazing and Feeding Treated Vines: Treated vines may be grazed or fed to livestock 40 days after application when this product is applied alone or with Treflan®, Dual®, Prowl®, or Lasso.

Do not use treated vines for feed or forage when this product is applied with Sonalan, linuron plus Lasso, or linuron plus Dual.

Rate Ranges: Where a rate range is shown, use a lower rate on soils that are coarsetextured or low in organic matter. Use a higher rate on soils that are relatively fine-textured or high in organic matter.

Replanting: If replanting is necessary in fields treated with this product as directed on this label, the field may be replanted to soybeans. When replanting a minimum of tillage is recommended. Do not apply a second treatment as injury to soybeans may occur.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY METRIBUZIN 75 AND METRIBUZIN 75 HERBICIDE TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY M									
C = Control S = Suppression or Errat			r or No Cont		No information	tion (Control	may range t	rom poor to	excellent)
1 = Metribuzin 75 Alone 4 = Metribuzin 75 pl			ended Split-						
2 = Metribuzin 75 Split-Shot 5 = Metribuzin 75 pl			tribuzin 75 p						
3 = Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan 6 = Metribuzin 75 pl	lus Lasso			lus linuron p	olus (Lasso o			-	
Annual Broadleaf Weeds	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Black Nightshade (Solanum nigrum)	P	Р	P	С	P	С	С	P	S
Bristly Starbur (Acanthospermum hispidum)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Buffalobur (Solanum rostratum)	С	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	Р	0
Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Cocklebur (Xanthium pensylvanicum)	S	С	S	S	S	S	С	S	S
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam (Acalypha ostryaefolia)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Florida Beggarweed (Desmodium tortuosum)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Florida Pusley (Richardia scabra)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Horseweed Marestail (Conyza canadensis)	0	0	0	0	0	0	С	0	0
Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	S
Knotweed (<i>Polygonum</i> spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Kochia (Kochia scoparia)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Lambsquarters (Chenopodium spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Morningglory, Ivyleaf (Ipomoea hederacea)	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Morningglory, Pitted (Ipomoea lacunosa)	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Morningglory, Smallflower (Jacquemontia tamnifolia)	Р	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Morningglory, Tall (Ipomoea purpurea)	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Prickly Sida/Teaweed (Sida spinosa)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Redweed (Melochia corchorifolia)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Russian Thistle (Salsola kali)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Sesbania (Sesbania spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Shepherdspurse (Capsella bursa-pastoris)	C	C	C	Ċ	C	C	C	C	C
Sicklepod (Cassia obtusifolia)	C	C	S	C	S	C	C	S	S
Smartweeds (Polygonum spp.)	C	С	C	C	C	C	C	C	S
Spotted Spurge (Euphorbia maculate)	Č	Č	P	Č	P	Č	Č	P	0
Spurred Anoda (Anoda cristata)	Č	Č	C	Č	C	Č	Č	C	0
Sunflower (<i>Helianthus</i> spp.)	Č	Č	Š	S	Š	Š	C	Š	P
Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)	Č	Č	C	Č	C	C	C	C	C
Venice Mallow (Hibiscus trionum)	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	C	C	č	Č
Wild Mustards (<i>Brassica</i> spp.)	Č	C	C	Č	C	C	C	Č	C
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WEEDS CONTROLLED BY METRIBUZIN 75 AND METRIBUZIN 75 HERBICIDE TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS

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C = Control	S = Suppression or			r or No Cont		No information	tion (Control	may range f	rom poor to	excellent)	
1 = Metribuzin 75 Alone	4 = Metribuzin	75 plus Dual	7 = Ext	ended Split-	Shot						
2 = Metribuzin 75 Split-Shot	5 = Metribuzin	75 plus Prowl	8 = Me	tribuzin 75 p	lus Sonalan						
<u>3 = Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan</u>	6 = Metribuzin	75 plus Lasso	9 = Me	tribuzin 75 p	lus linuron p	olus (Lasso o	r Dual)				
Annual Grasses		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa cr	us-galli)	S	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Bluegrass (Poa annua)		С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Broadleaf Signalgrass (Brachia	ria platyphylla)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	
Browntop Millet (Panicum ramo	osum)	С	С	С	Р	С	S	С	0	0	
Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.)		С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium	aegyptium)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	0	
Cupgrass (Eriochloa gracilis)		Р	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	0	0	
Foxtails (Setaria spp.)		S	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)		С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Johnsongrass, Seedling (Sorgh	num halepense)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	
Junglerice (Echinochloa colonu	ım)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	
Nutsedge, Yellow (Cyperus esc	ulentus)	Р	Р	Р	С	Р	С	С	Р	0	
Panicum, Fall (Panicum dichoto	omiflorum)	Р	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Panicum, Texas (Panicum, texa	anum)	Р	С	С	Р	С	S	S	С	0	
Red Rice (Oryza sativa)		Р	С	С	С	Р	С	С	0	0	
Sandbur (<i>Cenchrus</i> spp.)		Р	С	С	Р	С	S	S	0	0	
Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)		Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	0	
Sorghum, Volunteer (Sorghum	spp.)	Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	0	Р	
Sprangletop, (Leptochloa spp.)		Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	0	Р	
Stinkgrass (Eragrostis spp.)		Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	0	Р	
Wheat, Volunteer (Triticum spp	.)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	0	Р	
Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)		Р	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	

Metribuzin 75 Alone

Metribuzin 75 (Alone) Pre-emergence Application: The following rates of this product may be applied preemergence to soybeans through center pivot or lateral move sprinkler irrigation systems that apply water in a uniform manner. Refer to "Chemigation" section of this label for directions.

This product can be applied broadcast or banded. This application may be made during planting or as a separate operation after planting but before crop emergence. See the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Do not apply to sand soils, or to sandy loam or loamy sand soils containing less than 2% organic matter. Do not incorporate into soil or apply more than once per season.

Lb of Metribuzin 75 Per Acre					
	Organio	c Matter			
Soil Texture	Less than 2%,	2 to 4%	Over 4%		
Coarse Soils (Sandy					
loam, loamy sand)	DO NOT USE ³	1/2	2/3		
Medium Soils ¹ (Loam,					
silt loam, silt, sandy					
clay, sandy clay loam)	1/2 to 2/3	2/3 to 5/6	5/6 to 1		
Fine Soils ¹ (Silty clay,					
silty clay loam ² , clay,					
clay loam)	2/3 to 5/6	5/6 to 1	1 to 1-1/6		
Mississippi Delta Only	1	1-1/6	1- ¹ /3		

¹ For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed and wild mustard, and for suppression of green, yellow and giant foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Nebraska, Minnesota, South Dakota and North Dakota only, apply this product at rates of 1/3 lb/acre on medium soils and 1/5 to ½ lb/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use ½ lb only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/3 lb/acre rate of this product alone can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds listed on this label use this product at full rates specified in the table above, but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

² Sitty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ Refer to the appropriate section of this label for use of this product on soybeans in coarse soils with 0.5% or more organic matter in certain states.

Uses of Metribuzin 75 In Combination With Other Herbicides Sequential Application Of Scepter® Following Metribuzin 75

If needed, application of this product alone or in a registered tank-mix according to directions on this label, may be followed by an early postemergence application of Scepter herbicide (1.5 lb/gal liquid or 70 DG) for control of cocklebur. Apply 1/6 to 1/3 pint of Scepter (0.7 to 1.4 ounces of Scepter 70 DG) in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Use 1/6 pint of Scepter (0.7 ounce of Scepter 70 DG) if cockleburs are less than 3 inches tall or have fewer than 3 leaves and are actively growing. For cockleburs less than 6 inches tall and actively growing use 1/3 pint of Scepter (1.4 ounces of Scepter 70 DG) per acre. Do not use Scepter when soybeans or cockleburs have been subjected to stress conditions such as temperature or moisture extremes. Do not exceed a total of 2/3 pint of Scepter (2.8 ounces of Scepter 70 DG) per acre in one season. Wait at least 10 days after application of Scepter before cultivating.

When preparing the spray mixture with Scepter, add 2 pt of nonionic surfactant approved for use on growing crops and containing at least 80% active ingredient per 100 gallons of mixture. Apply crop oil concentrate (COC) at the rate specified on the COC label.

Use Scepter only in the states where it is registered as listed on the product label.

Apply Scepter at least 90 days before harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or feed soybean forage, hay, or straw to livestock.

Refer to the Scepter label for additional cautions and precautions, directions, limitations, and information on environmental hazards and planting of rotational crops.

Split-Shot Application

A preplant incorporated application of this product tank-mixed with either Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan and followed by a preemergence surface application of this product alone after planting but prior to soybean emergence, will control more broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans than when either herbicide is used alone.

Refer to the Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan labels, and to appropriate sections of this label for directions on soil preparation, herbicide application, incorporation techniques, herbicide rates, weed species controlled, and restrictions for using tank-mix combinations of this product. Carefully observe the "Special Precautions" section concerning the use of this product in tank-mix combinations on soybeans.

When a Split-Shot application of this product with Prowl, Treflan, or Sonalan is used, the preplant incorporated tank-mix may be applied up to 21 days prior to planting soybeans; with Dual or Lasso, the preplant incorporated tank-mix may be applied up to 14 days prior to planting.

On medium and fine textured soils with greater than 2% organic matter, a rate range is provided for the preemergence overlay application of this product. The higher rate should be used (a) in fields with a history of severe broadleaf weed pressure, (b) when the time between preplant incorporated tank-mix and pre-emergence overlay applications approaches the maximum stated above, and/or (c) when the organic matter content of the soil is at the upper end of the indicated range.

For black nightshade control, refer to the appropriate sections of the Lasso, Dual or Sonalan labels for specific instructions.

	:	SPLIT-	SHOT APPLICATIO	Ν			
	Preplant Incorporated Tank-Mix	Applica	tion - Followed By -	Preemerger	nce Overlay	Application	
Rate of Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre							
	Rate of Combination		Rate of		nic Matter		
Soil Texture ¹	Product/Acre	Plus	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Less than 2%	2% to 4%	Over 4%	
Coarse (Light) sand, loamy sand,	Treflan 1pt						
sandy loam	OR Lasso 2 to 2-1/2 qt						
	OR Dual 1-1/4 to 1-1/2 pt						
	OR Prowl 1-1/2 pt						
	OR Sonalan 1-1/4 to 2 pt	plus	1/3-Followed By	1/6	1/6	1/6 to 1/3	
Medium loam, silt loam, sandy	Treflan 1-1/2 pt		1/2-Followed By	1/6	1/6 to 1/3	1/3 to 1/2	
clay loam, silt, sandy clay	OR Lasso 2-1/2 to 3 qt						
	OR Dual 1-1/2 pt		or				
	OR Prowl 1-1/2 pt						
	OR Sonalan 1-34 to 2-1/2 pt	plus	¹ /3 ² -Followed By	1/3	1/3 to 1/2	(1/2 to 2/3) 3	
Fine (Heavy) silty clay loam*,	Treflan 2 pt		2/3-Followed By	1/6	1/6 to 1/3	1/3 to 1/2	
clay loam, silty clay, clay	OR Lasso 2-1/2 to 3 qt		-				
	OR Dual 2 to 2-1/2 pt			or			
	OR Prowl 1-1/2 to 2 pt						
	OR Sonalan 2-1/4 to 3 pt	plus	1/2 2-Followed By	1/3	1/3 to 1/2	(1/2 to 2/3) 3	

*Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

¹ On coarse textured soils, do not use on sand soils with less than 1% organic matter, or on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 0.5% organic matter. However, on coarse textured soils with calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on sand soils with less than 2% organic matter, or on loamy soils with less than 1% organic matter.

² Use this lower rate of this product in the preplant incorporated tank mix on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, and in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Reduce this preemergence overlay rate of this product by 1/6 lb/acre when using SPLIT-SHOT application on soils with over 4% organic matter and which have a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

Extended Split-Shot Application

(Includes No-Till, Reduced-Till, Ridge-Till, Strip-Till, Mulch-Till)

An early preplant (surface-applied or shallow incorporated) application of this product tank-mixed with either Dual or Lasso, followed by a preemergence surface application of this product tank-mixed with Dual or Lasso after planting but prior to soybean emergence, will control more broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans than either herbicide used alone.

An Extended SPLIT-SHOT application will decrease the need for tillage and/or contact herbicides for the control of existing vegetation prior to planting, while providing residual control of weeds after planting.

When an Extended SPLIT-SHOT application of this product with Dual or Lasso is used, the preplant tank-mix combination may be applied 15 to 30 days prior to planting soybeans. Follow directions on the label accompanying the product for Split-Shot applications from 0 to 14 days before planting.

Where a rate range is specified, the higher rates should be used (a) in fields with a history of severe weed pressure, (b) when the time between early preplant tank-mix and preemergence overlay applications approaches the maximum 30 days, (c) when the organic matter content of the soil is at the upper end of the indicated range, (d) when heavy crop residues are present on the soil surface, and/or (e) when the early preplant tank-mix application is shallow incorporated (e.g. use 2 to 2-½ qt Lasso in the early preplant tank-mix when surface applied and use 2-½ to 3 qt Lasso when the tank-mix is to be lightly incorporated).

When weeds exceed 1 to 1-1/2 inches in height or diameter at application, use a contact herbicide, such as Round-Up® or Gramoxone.

Refer to the Dual or Lasso label, and to appropriate sections of this label for additional information on soil preparation, herbicide application, weeds controlled, precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean up.

Early Preplant Tank Mix Application	n								
(Surface-Applied or Shallow Incorp	oorated)					Р	reemergen	ce Overlay	Application
	Rate of		Rate of		Rate of		Rate of N	/letribuzin 7	'5 Lb/Acre
	Combination		Metribuzin 75		Combination		OR	GANIC MAT	TER
Soil Texture ¹	Product/Acre	Plus	Lb/Acre	Followed By	Product/Acre	Plus	1/2 to 2%	2 to 4%	Over 4%
Coarse (Light)	Dual 1-1/3 pt								
Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	or			Dual	² /3 pt				
	Lasso			or					
	1-1/2 to 2 qt	plus	1/3 to 1/2	Lasso	1-½ qt	plus	1/6	1/6 to 1/3	1/3
Medium	Dual 1-3/4 pt								
Loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam,	or			Dual	3⁄4 pt				
silt, sandy clay	Lasso			or					
	2 to 3 qt	plus	² ½ to ² /3	Lasso	1 to 2 qt	plus	1/3	1/3 to 1/2	1/2 to 2/3
Fine (Heavy)	Dual 2 pt								
Silty clay loam* clay loam, silty clay,	or			Dual	1 pt				
clay	Lasso			or					
	2 to 3 qt	plus	² ² / ₃ to ⁵ / ₆	Lasso	1 to 2 qt	plus	1/3	1/3 to 1/2	1/2 to 2/3

EXTENDED SPLIT-SHOT APPLICATION

*Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

¹ On coarse textured soils, do not use on sand soil with less than 1% organic matter. However, on coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on sand soils with less than 2% organic matter, or on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

² Use the lower rate of this product in the early preplant tank-mix on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, and in those rare situations where soils with In a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

Metribuzin 75 plus Sonalan

Metribuzin 75 plus Sonalan Overlay Application: This product may be applied as a preemergence overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of Sonalan 3 EC. Consult the Sonalan label for specific directions on use, recommendations, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Metribuzin 75 plus Sonalan Tank-mix Application: Incorporate the tank-mixture into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil within 21 days before planting according to label directions for Sonalan.

Apply Metribuzin 75 plus Sonalan preplant incorporated if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If soybeans are planted on beds, apply and incorporate the tank-mixture after bed formation.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: Sonalan should be uniformly applied and thoroughly mixed into the soil within 2 days after application. For specific application information, refer to the "Application" under "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 plus Sonalan): For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, incorporation, and sprayer clean up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the Sonalan label.

For black nightshade control, refer to the Sonalan label for specific rates and application instructions.

BROADCAST RATES					
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 LB/Acre	Sonalan 3EC Pt/Acre			
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam, loamy					
sand)	1/3	1-¼ to 2			
Medium 3 (Loam, silt loam,					
silt, sandy clay, sandy clay					
loam)	1/2	1-34 to 2-1/2			
Fine ³ (Silty clay, silty clay					
loam ² , clay, clay loam)	2/3	2-1/4 to 3			

¹ Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, and green and yellow foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota only, apply this product at rates of 1/3 lb/acre on medium soils and 1/3 to ½ lb/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use ½ lb only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/3 rate of this product in tank mix combination with Sonalan can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds not listed on the label, use this product at full rates recommended in the table above, but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan

Metribuzin 75 and Treflan Overlay Application: This product may be applied as a preemergence broadcast or band overlay application following a pre-plant incorporated treatment of Treflan. Consult the Treflan label for specific directions for use, recommendations, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan Tank-mix Application: A single application of a tank-mix combination of Metribuzin 75 and Treflan EC will control more broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans than when either herbicide is used alone.

Prepare the soil surface by deep plowing, offset disking or tandem disking prior to the application of the herbicide combination. The soil surface should be well prepared and free of clods and trash.

This product plus Treflan tank-mix combination may be applied and incorporated into the soil up to 10 days before planting.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Apply Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan to the soil surface and incorporate in the same operation, if possible. Variable weed control may result from delayed incorporation if Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan are applied to a wet, warm soil surface or if the wind velocity is 10 miles per hour or higher. Use machinery that mixes Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan thoroughly with the soil. Incorporation may be delayed up to 24 hours after application. Shallow incorporation with implements set to cut less than 2 inches deep may result in erratic weed control. Do not use spike or spring-tooth harrow alone or incorporation.

Incorporation Equipment:

- Set PTO-driven equipment (tillers, cultivators, hoes) to cut 2 to 3 inches deep and space rotors to provide a clean sweep of the soil. PTO equipment should not be operated at a speed greater than 4 miles per hour.
- Set disk to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate twice in different directions at 4 to 6 miles per hour.
- 3. Set mulch treader and other similar disk-type implements to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operate twice in different directions at 5 to 8 miles per hour.

For Coarse and Medium Textured Soils Only:

4. Set rolling cultivator to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operate twice at 6 to 8 miles per hour. Set bed conditioner (Do-All) to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 miles per hour.

Broadcast Rates					
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Treflan EC Pt/Acre			
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam,					
loamy sand)	1/3	1			
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt,					
sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/2	1-1/2			
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay loam ² ,					
clay, clay loam)3	2/3	2			

- ¹ Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.
- 2 Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.
- ³ For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, and green and yellow foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota only, apply this product at rates of 1/3 lb/acre on medium soils and 1/3 to ½ lb/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use ½ lb only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/3 lb rate of this product in tank mix combination with Treflan can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds listed on the label use this product at full rates recommended in the table above, but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 plus Treflan): Seedling disease, cold weather, excessive moisture, high salt concentration or drought may weaken soybean seedlings and increase possibility of damage from tank-mix. Do not plant soybeans deeper than 2 inches. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

In the Central United States, do not plant sorghum or oats for 12 months where the tankmix has been applied unless 20 inches or more of irrigation and/or rainfall (total) was used to produce the crop. If less than 20 inches total water was used to produce the crop during the year, do not plant either crop for 18 months after the tank-mix application. Cool, wet weather conditions during the early stage of growth may increase the possibility of injury to sorghum.

For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information refer to the appropriate section of this label. Do not use this tank-mix combination on soils containing charcoal in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi.

Metribuzin 75 plus Dual

Metribuzin 75 plus Dual Overlay Application: Apply a preplant incorporated treatment of Dual 8E as directed on that product label for use on soybeans. Follow with a preemergence treatment of this product as directed on this label for use on soybeans.

Metribuzin 75 plus Dual Tank-Mix Applications

Preplant Incorporated Application: Incorporate the tank-mixture into the top 2 inches of soil within 14 days before planting using a disk, harrow, rolling cultivator, or similar implement.

Apply Metribuzin 75 plus Dual preplant incorporated if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If soybeans are planted on beds, apply and incorporate the tank-mixture after bed formation.

Preemergence Application: Dry weather following preemergence application of this product plus Dual tank-mixture may reduce effectiveness. If weeds develop, cultivate uniformly with shallow tillage equipment such as rotary hoe that will not damage soybeans.

Mixing Instructions: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Broadcast Rates Metribuzin 75 Plus Dual Tank Mix Pre-emergence Applications						
0.5% to 3% Organic Matter Soil Texture Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre Dual 8E Pt/Acre						
Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Dual 8E Pt/Acre					
1/3	1-1/4					
1/2	1-1/2					
2/3	2					
1	2					
	Metribuzin 75 Plus Dual Mix Pre-emergence Applicati 0.5% to 3% Organic Matter Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre 1/3 ½					

Over 3% Organic Matter						
Coarse ¹ (Loamy sand,						
sandy loam)	1/2	1-1/2				
Medium (Loam, silt loam,						
silt)	2/3	2				
Fine (Silty clay loam ² ,						
sandy clay loam, silty clay,						
sandy clay, clay loam, clay)	² /3 to ⁵ /6	2 to 2-1/2				
Mississippi Delta Only						
(Silty clay, clay)	1	2 to 2-1/2				

¹ Do not use on sand soils. Do not apply this product and Dual overlay or tan mix pre emergence on loamy sand with less than 2% organic matter.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Broadcast Rates Metribuzin 75 plus Dual Tank Mix Preplant Incorporated Applications

0.5% to Less than 3% Organic Matter			
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Dual 8E Pt/Acre	
Coarse ¹ (Loamy sand,			
sandy loam)	1/3	1-1/4	
Medium (Loam, silt loam,			
silt)	1/2	1-1/2	
Fine (Silty clay loam 2,			
sandy clay loam, silty clay,			
sandy clay, clay loam, clay)	2/3	2	
Mississippi Delta Only			
(Silty clay, clay)	2/3 to 5/6	2	

3%	6 or Greater Organic Matter	
Coarse ¹ (Loamy sand,		
sandy loam)	1/3	1-1/2
Medium (Loam, silt loam,		
silt)	1/2	2
Fine (Silty clay loam ² ,		
sandy clay loam, silty		
clay, sandy clay, clay		
loam, clay)	2/3	2 to 2-1/2
Mississippi Delta Only		
(Silty clay, clay)	2/3 to 5/6	2 to 2-1/2

¹ Do not use on sand soils. Do not apply Metribuzin 75 plus Dual tank mix preplant incorporated on sand or loamy sand with less than 2% organic matter or crop injury may occur.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 and Dual)

For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the Dual label.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Prowl

Metribuzin 75 plus Prowl Overlay Application: Apply a preplant incorporated treatment of Prowl as directed on that product label for use on soybeans. Follow with a preemergence treatment of this product as directed on this label for use on soybeans.

Metribuzin 75 plus Prowl Tank-mix Application

Preplant Incorporated Application: Prepare the soil by plowing or disking to mix previous crop residues into the soil to a depth of 4 to 6 inches.

For specific application information refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Incorporate the tank-mixture into the top 1 or 2 inches of soil within 7 days after application according to label directions for Prowl. Mechanical incorporation is not required if a rain of one-quarter inch or more occurs within 7 days after application. Soybeans must be planted no later than 7 days after application of the tank mixture.

Pre-emergence Application: Except for minimum and no-tillage systems, the seed bed should be firm and free of trash and clods.

For specific application information refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label. Do not apply Prowl preemergence north of Interstate 80. This application must be made after planting and before crop emergence. Do not incorporate.

If cultivation is necessary because of soil crusting, soil compaction or weed germination before rain or irrigation, use shallow tilling equipment such as a rotary hoe that does not damage soybeans.

Mixing Instructions: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

For information on applying this product in fluid or dry fertilizer refer to the "Application Of Metribuzin 75 In Fluid Fertilizers" or "Commercial Impregnation And Applications Of Metribuzin 75 On Dry Bulk Fertilizer" under the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Southern States And Eastern Coastal Plains

For use only in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Southeastern Missouri "Bootheel" Region and Coastal Plains of Delaware*, Maryland*, New Jersey*, and Virginia*.

*Do not use Metribuzin 75 plus Prowl on soils with less than 2% organic matter in the coastal plain of New Jersey or the Delmarva Peninsula.

Broadcast Rates

Metribuzin 75 Plus Prowi Tank Mix Applications				
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Prowl Pt/Acre		
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam,				
loamy sand)	1/3	1-1/2		
Medium (Loam, silt loam,				
silt, sandy clay, sandy				
clay loam)	1/2	1-1/2		
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay				
loam ² clay clay loam)	2/3	1-1/2 to 2		

¹ Do not use on sand soils. Do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam containing less than 1% organic matter.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in certain regions of the U.S. Do not use on muck or peat soils.

Northeastern And North Central States

For use only in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Missouri (except the "Bootheel" region).

		Broa	adcast	t Rate	es			
Metribuzin	75	Plus	Prowl	Tank	Mix	Ap	olicat	ions
	1/-	+0.20	Orac	nio N	lotto			

Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Prowl Pt/Acre
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam,		
loamy sand)	1/3	1
Medium (Loam, silt loam,		
sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/2	1-1/2 to 2
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay		
loam ² , clay, clay loam)	1/2 to 2/3	1-1/2 to 2

Over 3% Organic Matter				
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam,				
loamy sand)	1/2	1-1/2		
Medium (Loam, silt loam,				
sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/2 to 2/3	1-1⁄2 to 2		
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay				
loam ² , clay, clay loam)	2/3 to 5/6	2 to 2-1/2		
10				

¹ Do not use on sand soils. Do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam containing less than 1% organic matter. Where a range of rates is shown for medium and fine soils, use the higher rate if heavy weed infestations are anticipated.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in certain regions of the U.S.

Do not use on muck or peat soils.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 plus Prowl): Soil incorporation deeper than recommended will reduce weed control and can result in crop injury.

For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the Prowl label.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Lasso

Metribuzin 75 Plus Lasso Tank-mix Application:

Pre-Emergence

Metribuzin 75 may be used in a tank-mix combination with Lasso as a preemergence band or broadcast application to soybeans in accordance with the specified soil types and dosages specified.

For specific information regarding spray equipment, dilution rates, mixing, directions for use, methods of application, limitations and restrictions refer to the appropriate section of this label.

Refer to the Lasso label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Do not use on muck soils

	Applications		
Metribuzin 75 Plus Lasso	Tank Mix Preemergence	Applicatio	n (Broadcast Rates)
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Plus	Lasso Qt/Acre
	1/2 to 3% Organic Mat	ter	
Coarse 1 (Sandy loam)	1/3	plus	1-1/2 to 2
Medium 2 (Loam, silt			
loam, silt, sandy clay,			
sandy clay loam)	1/2	plus	1-1/2 to 2
Fine ² (Silty clay, silty			
clay loam 3, clay, clay			
loam)	2/3	plus	2
Mississippi Delta Only			
(Silty clay to heavy clay)	1-1/3	plus	2 to 2-1/2

Gi	eater than 3% Orga	nic Matter	
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam)	1/2	plus	1-1/2 to 2
Medium ² (Loam, silt loam,			
silt, sandy clay, sandy clay			
loam)	2/3	plus	1-1/2 to 2
Fine ² (Silty clay, silty clay			
loam 3, clay, clay loam)	2/3 to 5/6	plus	2 to 2-1/2
Mississippi Delta Only			
(Silty clay to heavy clay)	1- ¹ /3	sula	2 to 2-1/2

¹ Do not use Metribuzin 75 plus Lasso on sand or loamy sand soils with less than 2% organic matter.

² For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, green and yellow foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota only, apply Metribuzin 75 at rates of 1/3 lb/acre on medium soils and 1/3 to 1/2 lb/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use 1/2 Ib only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/3 lb/acre rate of Metribuzin 75 in tank mix combination with Lasso can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds use this product at full rates specified in the table above, but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Preplant Incorporated: For specific application information refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Apply Metribuzin 75 plus Lasso preplant incorporated if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If soybeans are planted on beds, apply and incorporate the tank-mixture after bed formation. Apply within 7 days prior to planting and shallowly incorporate into the upper 1 to 2 inches of soil.

Do not use on muck soils.

Applications
Metribuzin 75 Plus Lasso Tank Mix Preplant Incorporated Applications
(Broadcast Rates)

Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Lasso Qt/Acre
Coarse ¹ (Loamy sand [over	1/3	2 to 2-1/2
2% organic matter], sandy		
loam)		
Medium (Loam, silt loam,	1/2	2-1/2 to 3
silt)		
Fine (Silty clay loam 2, sandy	2/3	2-1/2 to 3
clay loam, silty clay, sandy clay,		
clay loam, clay)		
Mississippi Delta Only	² /3 to ⁵ /6	2-1/2 to 3
(Silty clay, clay)		

¹ Do not use Metribuzin 75 plus Lasso on sand or loamy sand soils with less than 2% organic matter.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as a medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 Plus Lasso): For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the Lasso label.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Command®

Metribuzin 75 may be applied in combination with Command 4EC as a preplant or shallow incorporated application for the control of certain weeds in soybeans. Consult the Command 4EC label for specific directions on use, recommendations, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Applications: Metribuzin 75 plus Command 4EC may only be applied with ground equipment as a preplant or shallow incorporated application. Metribuzin 75 plus Command 4EC should be immediately incorporated into the top 1 to 3 inches after application unless surface is dry. On dry soils, incorporate into the top 1-3 inches within 3 hours of tank-mix application.

Do not apply this tank-mix within 1000 feet of towns and subdivisions, commercial vegetable, fruit, nurseries or greenhouse operations.

Apply in a minimum of 15 gallons spray volume per acre with appropriate nozzle types and sizes to produce a coarse spray droplet. The use of an approved agricultural drift reducing additive is recommended for application volumes of 15-40 gallons per acre. The use of an approved agricultural drift reducing additive is required at spray volumes of 10 to 15 gallons per acre.

NOTE: Off-site movement of Command spray drift or vapors can cause foliar whitening or yellowing of some vegetation. Prior to application of Command, read and strictly follow all precautions and application instructions as set forth in that label.

For additional information on application, refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label and the Command label.

We eds controlled

weeus controlleu.			
Bristly Starbur	Galinsoga	Prickly Sida/Teaweed	Smartweeds
Carpetweed	Jimsonweed	Purslane	Spurred Anoda
Copperleaf	Knotweed	Common Ragweed	Velvetleaf
Florida Beggarweed	Lambsquarters	Redweed	Venice Mallow
Florida Pusley	Pigweeds	Sesbania	Wild Mustards
Barnyardgrass*	Foxtails (Green,	Johnsongrass	Texas Panicum
Bluegrass	Giant, Yellow*,	(seedling)*	Witchgrass
Broadleaf	Robust Purple)	Fall Panicum*	
Signalgrass	Goosegrass		
Crabgrass*			

*Use 2 pt/A Command 4EC on coarse and medium textured soils with high populations of these weeds.

Applications
Metribuzin 75 Plus Command 4EC Tank Mix Preplant Incorporated Applicatior
(Developed Patro)

	(Broadcast Rates)	
Soil Texture ¹	Metribuzin 75 (Lb/Acre)	Command 4EC Pt/Acre
	0.5% to 3% Organic Mat	ter
Coarse ² (Sandy loam,	1/3	1-1/2 to 2
loamy sand)		
Medium (Loam, silt loam,	1/3 to 1/2	1-1/2 to 2
silt, sandy clay, sandy clay		
loam)		
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay	1/3 to 1/2	1-1/2 to 2
loam 3, clay, clay loam)		
	Over 3% Organic Matte	er
Coarse ² (Sandy loam,	1/3	1-1/2 to 2
loamy sand)		
Medium (Loam, silt loam,	1/3 to 1/2	1-1⁄2 to 2
silt, sandy clay, sandy clay		
loam)		
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay	1/2 to 2/3	1-1⁄2 to 2
loam 3, clay, clay loam)		

¹ Crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.1 or higher.

² Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

³ Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 plus Command): Do not rotate to wheat, barley, alfalfa or seed corn in the fall of the year of application or in the spring of the following year as crop injury may occur. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.

Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

Do not apply aerially or through irrigation equipment.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Commence®

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Metribuzin 75 plus Commence Tank-mix Early Preplant Incorporated Application: Metribuzin 75 in a tank-mix with Commence 5.25 EC may be applied broadcast preplant incorporated up to 30 days before planting soybeans for the control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses. Refer to the Commence herbicide label for additional directions for use, weeds controlled, recommendations, restrictions and limitations not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section on this label.

Application: For information on applying Metribuzin 75, refer to the "General Information" section on this label.

Applications Metribuzin 75 Plus Commence 5.25 EC Tank Mix Early				
Wethou	Preplant Incorporated Appli	2		
Soil Texture Metribuzin 75 Commence 5.25 Lb/Acre EC Pt/Acre				
	1/2 to 3% Organic Matte	er		
Coarse b	1/2	1-1/3 to 2		
Medium	2/3	2 to 2-1/4		
Fine	2/3	2-2/3		
	Over 3% Organic Matt	er		
Coarse b	1/2	1-1/3 to 2		
Medium	2/3	2 to 2-1/4		
Fine	1	2-2/3		

^a For use on soils with a pH of 7.5 or lower.

^b Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Restrictions and Limitations: Do not apply aerially or through irrigation equipment.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Do not allow sprays to drift onto adjacent desirable plants. Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.

Do not rotate to wheat, barley, alfalfa, or seed corn in the fall of the year of application or in the spring of the following year as crop injury may occur. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

Metribuzin 75 plus Commence Tank-mix Preplant Incorporated: Metribuzin 75 may be tank-mixed with Commence 5.25 EC for preplant incorporated application to control certain weeds in soybeans. Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for information on mixing, application, restrictions, special precautions and weeds controlled by this product. See appropriate sections of the Commence 5.25 EC herbicide label for additional precautionary statements, directions for use, recommendations and additional weeds controlled.

Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Commence 5.25 EC Pt/Acre
	1/2 to 3% Organic Matt	er
Coarse ² (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/3	1-1/3 to 2
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/3 to 1⁄2	2 to 2-1⁄4
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay loam ³ , clay, clay loam)	1/3 to 1⁄2	2-2/3
	Over 3% Organic Mat	ter
Coarse ² (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/3	1-1/3 to 2
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/3 to 1⁄2	2 to 2-1⁄4
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay loam ³ , clay, clay loam)	1⁄2 to 2/3	2-2/3

¹ Crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.1 or higher.

² Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

³ Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured _soils in some regions of the U.S.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 plus Commence): Do not rotate to wheat, barley, alfalfa or seed corn in the fall of the year of application or in the spring of the following year as crop injury may occur. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Do not use treated vines for feed or forage. Do not apply aerially or through irrigation equipment.

Do not allow sprays to drift onto adjacent desirable plants.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Freedom®

Metribuzin 75 may be tank-mixed with Freedom 3 EC for preplant incorporated application to control certain weeds in soybeans. Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for information on mixing, application, restrictions, special precautions and weeds controlled by Metribuzin 75. See appropriate sections of the Freedom 3 EC herbicide label for additional precautionary statements, directions for use, recommendations and additional weeds controlled.

Do not use on muck soils.

Do not allow sprays to drift onto adjacent desirable plants.

Applications
Metribuzin 75 Plus Freedom Tank Mix Preplant Incorporated Application
(President Potes)

(Broadcast Rates)				
		Freedom 3 EC		
Soil Texture	Lb/Acre	Plus	Qt/Acre	
	1/2 to 3% Organic Mat	ter		
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam)	1/3	Plus	2-3/4 to 3-1/2	
Medium 2 (Loam, silt loam,	1/2	Plus	2-3/4 to 3-1/2	
silt, sandy clay, sandy clay				
loam)				
Fine ² (Silty clay, silty clay	2/3	Plus	3-1/2 to 4	
loam ³ , clay, clay loam)				
Mississippi Delta Only	1- ¹ /3	Plus	3-1/2 to 4-1/2	
(Silty clay to heavy clay)				
Gr	eater than 3% Organic	Matter		
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam)	1/2	Plus	3 to 3-1/2	
Medium ² (Loam, silt	2/3	Plus	3-1/2 to 4	
loam, silt, sandy clay,				
sandy clay loam)				
Fine ² (Silty clay, silty clay	2/3 to 5/6	Plus	3-1/2 to 4-1/2	
loam ³ , clay, clay loam)				
Mississippi Delta Only	1- ¹ /3	Plus	3-1/2 to 4-1/2	
(Silty clay to heavy clay)				

¹ Do not use Metribuzin 75 plus Freedom on sand or loamy sand soils with less than 2% organic matter.

² For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, green and yellow foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota only, apply Metribuzin 75 a rates of 1/3 lb/acre on medium soils and 1/3 to 1/2 lb/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use ½ lb only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/3 lb/acre rate of Metribuzin 75 in tank mix combination with Freedom can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds, use Metribuzin 75 at full rates recommended in the table above, but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

³ Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Metribuzin 75 plus Canopy® plus a Grass Herbicide

A tank-mix combination of Metribuzin 75 plus Canopy 75 DF plus a registered and recommended grass herbicide (Dual, Lasso, Prowl, Sonalan or Treflan) labeled for this use may be used for control of the following weeds in soybeans:

Weeds Controlled

Browntop Millet

Annual Divauleaves			
Bristly Starbur	Knotwee	ed	Russian Thistle
Carpetweed	Kochia		Sesbania
Cocklebur	Lambsq	uarters	Shepherdspurse
Copperleaf, Hophornbea	m Pigweed	b	Smartweed
Florida Beggarweed	Prickly S	Sida/Teaweed	Spurred Anoda
Florida Pusley	Purslan	е	Velvetleaf
Galinsoga	Ragwee	ed, Common	Venice mallow
Jimsonweed	Redwee	ed	Wild mustard
Annual Grasses			
Barnyardgrass	Crabgrass	Johnsongrass (seedling	g) Sandbur
Bluegrass	Crowfootgrass	Junglerice	Sprangletop
Broadleaf signalgrass	Foxtails	Panicum, Fall	Stinkgrass

Tank-mix combinations which include Dual, Lasso or Prowl can be applied preemergence broadcast or preplant incorporated broadcast. When Sonalan or Treflan are used in the tank-mix, apply preplant incorporated broadcast. Refer to the table below for specified rates of each product to be used in tank-mix combinations:

Panicum. Texas

Goosegrass

Applications Metribuzin 75 Plus Canopy 75 DF Plus A Grass Herbicide (Broadcast Rates)

Product	Soil Texture ¹		
	Coarse 2	Medium	Fine
Metribuzin 75 (Lb/Acre)	1/3	1/3 to 1/2 3	1/4 to 2/3 3
Canopy DF (Oz/Acre)	3	3	3 to 4
Treflan (Pt/Acre)	1	1-1/2	2
Dual (Pt/Acre)	1-1/4 to 1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2	2 to 2-1/2
Prowl (Pt/Acre)	1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2	1-1/2 to 2-1/2
Lasso (Qt/Acre)	2 to 2-1/2	2-1/2 to 3	2-1/2 to 3
Sonalan (Pt/Acre)	1-¼ to 2	1-1/4 to 2-1/2	2-1/4 to 3

¹ Do not use on soils with a pH greater than 7.0.

² Refer to "Soil Texture" paragraph on this label for specific soil classification.

³ Use the lower rate of Metribuzin 75 in preplant incorporated tank-mix as in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter

_content.

Important: If weeds escape in fields treated with these tank-mix combinations, postemergence application of a registered and recommended herbicide will be need for control.

Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for mixing and application directions.

Special Precautions: For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of the labels for Metribuzin 75 and Canopy 75 DF.

Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Command Plus a Grass Herbicide

Metribuzin 75 may be applied with Command 4EC and a grass herbicide (Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl, or Sonalan) for the control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in soybeans. This combination will provide improved control of heavy infestations of velvetleaf, jimsonweed and common ragweed. Metribuzin 75 and Command 4EC plus a grass herbicide may be applied preplant incorporated broadcast. Consult the Command, Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan labels for specific directions for use, recommendations, restrictions and additional weeds controlled not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information, refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Weeds Controlled

Annual Broadleaves			
Bristly Starbur	Knotweed	Ragweed, Common	Smartweeds
Carpetweed	Kochia	Redweed	Spotted spurge
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Lambsquarters	Russian Thistle	Spurred Anoda
Florida Beggarweed	Pigweeds	Sesbania	Velvetleaf
Florida Pusley	Prickly Sida/Teaweed	Shepherdspurse	Venice mallow
Galinsoga	Purslane	Sicklepod Wild	Mustard
Jimsonweed			
Annual Grasses			

Barnyardgrass	Browntop Millet	Foxtails	Panicum, Fall
Bluegrass	Crabgrass	Goosegrass	Witchgrass
Broadleaf signalgrass	Crowfootgrass	Johnsongrass (seedling	g)

Metribuzin 75 and Command plus Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan will provide suppression (reduce the competition) of cocklebur and sunflower.

Applications Metribuzin 75 Plus Command Plus A Grass Herbicide (Broadcast Rates)

Product		Soil Texture ¹	
	Coarse	Medium	Fine
Metribuzin 75 (Lb/Acre)	1/3	1/3 to 1/2 2	1/2 to 2/3 2
Command 4EC ³ (Pt/Acre)	1⁄2 to 3⁄4	1/2 to 3/4	1/2 to 3/4
Treflan (Pt/Acre)	1	1-1/2	2
Dual (Pt/Acre)	1-1/4 to 1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2	2 to 2-1/2
Prowl (Pt/Acre)	1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2	1-1/2 to 2-1/2
Lasso (Qt/Acre)	2 to 2-1/2	2-1/2 to 3	2-1/2 to 3
Sonalan (Pt/Acre)	1-¼ to 2	1-3/4 to 2-1/2	2-¼ to 3

¹Refer to "Soil Texture" paragraph on this label for specific soil classification. On coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

²The higher rate of Metribuzin 75 may be used for the control of sicklepod and hemp sesbania. Use lower rate of Metribuzin 75 in the preplant incorporated tank mix on **soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher** and in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Higher rate is recommended under moderate to heavy weed infestations.

Metribuzin 75 plus Scepter plus a Grass Herbicide

Metribuzin 75 may be applied with Scepter herbicide and a grass herbicide (Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan) for the control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in soybeans. Metribuzin 75 and Scepter plus Treflan or Sonalan may be applied preplant incorporated broadcast. Metribuzin 75 and Scepter plus Lasso, Dual or Prowl may be applied preplant incorporated, pre-emergence broadcast or in a band application.

Consult the Scepter, Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl, or Sonalan labels for specific directions for use, recommendations, restrictions and additional weeds controlled not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information, refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Weeds Controlled: Metribuzin 75 plus Scepter plus Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan will control the following broadleaf weeds and grasses:

Weeds Controlled

S		
Galinsoga	Pigweeds	Smartweeds
Jimsonweed	Prickly Sida/Teaweed	Spotted spurge
Knotweed	Purslane	Spurred Anoda
Kochia	Ragweed, Common Redweed	Sunflower
Lambsquarters	Russian Thistle	Velvetleaf
Morningglory, pitted	Sesbania Shepherdspurse	Venice mallow Wild mustards
Morningglory, smallflower	Sicklepod	
	Jimsonweed Knotweed Kochia Lambsquarters Morningglory, pitted Morningglory,	GalinsogaPigweedsJimsonweedPrickly Sida/TeaweedKnotweedPurslaneKochiaRagweed, Common RedweedLambsquartersRussian ThistleMorningglory,SesbaniapittedShepherdspurseMorningglory,Sicklepod

Annual Grasses

Annual Grasses			
Barnyardgrass	Browntop Millet	Foxtails	(seedling)
Bluegrass	Crabgrass	Goosegrass	Panicum, Fall
Broadleaf signalgrass	Crowfootgrass	Johnsongrass	Witchgrass

Metribuzin 75 and Scepter plus Treflan, Lasso, Dual, Prowl or Sonalan will suppress (reduce the competition of) lvyleaf and tall morningglory and red rice.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Scepter Plus A Grass Herbicide (Broadcast Rates)

Product	duct Soil Texture 1		
	Coarse	Medium	Fine
Metribuzin 75 (Lb/A)	1/3	1/3 to 1/2 2	1/2 to 2/3 2
Scepter (1.5 lb/Gal			
liquid ³ Pt/A)	1/3 to 1/2	1/3 to 1/2	1/3 to 1/2
-or-			
Scepter 70 DG ³ (Oz/A)	1.4 to 2.1	1.4 to 2.1	1.4 to 2.1
Treflan (Pt/A)	1	1-1/2	2
Dual (Pt/A)	1-1/4 to 1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2	2 to 2-1/2
Prowl (Pt/A)	1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2	1-1/2 to 2-1/2
Lasso (Qt/A)	2 to 2-1/2	2-1/2 to 3	2-1/2 to 3
Sonalan (Pt/A)	1-¼ to 2	1-3/4 to 2-1/2	2-¼ to 3

¹ Refer to "Soil Texture" paragraph on this label for specific soil classification. On coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

² Use the higher rate of Metribuzin 75 for preemergence tank mix application and for the control of sicklepod and hemp sesbania. Use the lower rate of Metribuzin 75 in the preplant incorporated tank mix on oils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, and in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Higher rate is recommended under moderate to heavy weed infestations.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Pursuit® and a Grass Herbicide

Metribuzin 75 may be tank-mixed with Pursuit herbicide and a registered and recommended grass herbicide (Dual, Lasso, Prow, Sonalan or Treflan) for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans. Refer to the product labels for Pursuit, Dual, Lasso, Prowl, Sonalan or Treflan for additional directions for use, recommendations, restrictions and limitations not included on this label.

Tank-mix combinations of Metribuzin 75, Pursuit and Dual, Lasso or Prowl can be applied broadcast preemergence or preplant incorporated. When the grass herbicide used is Sonalan or Treflan, apply the tank-mix broadcast preplant incorporated.

Mixing and Application: Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for directions on mixing and application of Metribuzin 75.

Applications		
Metribuzin 75	Plus Pursuit and a Grass	Herbicide*
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Pursuit Oz/Acre
Coarse	1/3	4
Medium	2/5 to 1/2	4
Fine	1/2 to 2/3	4
*For control of grass weeds, include Dual, Lasso, Prowl, Sonalan or Treflan at label		

rates in the tank mix with Metribuzin 75 and Pursuit herbicides.

Restrictions and Limitations: Do not apply this tank-mix with aerial or irrigation equipment. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift, or allow sprays to drift onto adjacent desirable plants. Do not use treated vines for feed or forage. Refer to appropriate sections of the Pursuit herbicide label for restrictions on use area and rotational crops.

Observe all cautions and limitations on the labeling of all products used in mixtures.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Pursuit Plus Herbicide

Metribuzin 75 may be tank-mixed with Pursuit Plus herbicide for broadcast preemergence or preplant incorporated application to soybeans for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds. Refer to the Pursuit Plus herbicide label for additional directions for use, recommendations, restrictions, and limitations not included on this label. Mixing and Application: Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for directions on mixing and application of Metribuzin 75.

Applications Metribuzin 75 Plus Pursuit Plus Herbicide

(Broadcast Rates)		
Soil Texture	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre	Pursuit Plus Pt/Acre
Coarse	1/3	2-1/2
Medium	² /5 to ½	2-1/2
Fine	1/2 to 2/3	2-1/2

Restrictions and Limitations: Do not apply this tank-mix with aerial or irrigation equipment. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift, or allow sprays to drift onto desirable plants.

Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.

Refer to appropriate sections of the Pursuit Plus herbicide label for restrictions on use area and rotational crops.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Linuron Plus (Lasso or Dual)

Metribuzin 75 plus linuron plus (Lasso or Dual) Tank-mix Application: Metribuzin 75 may be applied in combination with linuron 50 DF or 4L and Lasso 4 or Dual 8 EC as a preemergence application for the control of certain weeds in soybeans. Consult the linuron, Lasso, or Dual labels for specific directions for use, recommendations, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: Applications can be made only with ground spray equipment in accordance with specified soil types and dosage rates. For specific application information, refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Metribuzin 75 Plus Linuron Plus (Lasso or Dual) Broadcast Rates (0.5 to 3% Organic Matter Only)

		Soil Texture	
	Coarse ¹ (Sandy, loamy	Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt,	Fine (Silty clay, silty clay
Product	sand, sandy loam)	sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	loam ² , clay, clay loam)
Metribuzin 75 (Lb/Acre)	1/6 to 1/4	1/4 to 1/3	1/3 to 1/2
Linuron 50 DF (Lb/Acre)	1/3 to 1/2	1/2 to 3/4	3¾ to 1-1/2
or			
Linuron 4L (Pt/Acre)			
_asso 4 (Qt/Acre)	³ ⁄4 to 1	1 to 1-½	1-¼ to 2
or			
Dual 8 EC (Pt/Acre)	1 to 1-¼	1-1/4 to 1-1/2	1-1/2 to 2

¹ Do not use Metribuzin 75 plus linuron plus (Lasso or Dual) on sand soils with less than 1% organic matter.

²Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Special Precautions (Metribuzin 75 plus Linuron plus (Lasso or Dual): For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the linuron label and the Lasso or Dual labels.

For Use In Coarse (Light) Soils in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

Metribuzin 75 herbicide may be applied alone or in combination with Treflan, Lasso or Dual for use in coarse-textured, low organic matter soils in the states listed above for the control of certain weeds in soybeans. Refer to the appropriate section of this label and the Treflan, Lasso or Dual label for specific directions for use, recommendations, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information, refer to the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Metribuzin 75 (Alone) Pre-emergence Application (Broadcast Rates)

Soil Texture	Organic Matter	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre
Coarse (Light) Soils Sand 1,	0.5% or Above	1/3 to 1/2 2
Loamy Sand, Sandy Loam		
¹ Not recommended for use on st	and with less than 1%	organic matter

² Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressures and/or on soils higher in organic

matter.

Metribuzin 75 in Combination with Other Herbicides: Metribuzin 75 may be applied in a tank-mix combination with Treflan as a preplant incorporated application or as a preemergence overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of Treflan. Metribuzin 75 may also be used as a preemergence application in combination with Lasso or Dual.

For Use In Coarse (Light) Soils 0.5% or Above Organic Matter (Broadcast Rates)			
	Combination		
Soil Texture	Product/Acre	Plus	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre
Coarse (Light) Soils	Preplant Incorporated		
Sand ¹ , Loamy sand,	Treflan 4EC 1 pt	Plus	1/3 to 1/2 2
Sandy loam	Preemergence		
-	Lasso 4E 1-1/2 to 2 qt	Plus	1/3 to 1/2 2
	Dual 8E 1-1/4 to 1-1/2 pt		

¹Not recommended for use on sand with less than 1% organic matter.

²Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressures and/or on soils higher in organic matter.

Special Precautions: Do not use on sand soils with less than 1% organic matter, or on sandy loam or loamy sand soils with less than 0.5% organic matter.

For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the Treflan, Lasso, Surflan or Amiben labels.

Burndown Weed Control - Field Corn and Soybeans

Metribuzin 75 can be used as part of an herbicide program for burndown of existing vegetation prior to crop emergence in conservation tillage systems. Metribuzin 75 may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D low volatile ester (LVE), Gramoxone Inteon, or Roundup / Roundup Ultra / Touchdown for control of emerged weeds prior to field corn or soybean emergence. Metribuzin 75 tank-mixes with 2,4-DB, Fusion, Poast Plus or Select may also be used in soybeans for control of emerged weeds prior to crop emergence. Metribuzin 75 burndown tank-mixes can be applied before planting or prior to crop emergence in the following areas:

Field Corn:

Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Soybeans:

All areas for all product except Fusion tank-mixes - see Fusion section of this label for recommended states.

Application: Metribuzin 75 may be applied up to 30 days prior to planting or preemergence. Apply only by ground equipment when Metribuzin 75 is used for burndown of existing vegetation in conservation tillage systems. Metribuzin 75 and tank-mix partner burndown rates are listed in the following three tables.

Metribuzin 75	Burndown Rates
Field Corn	And Sovbeans

	Field Corn And Soybeans		
Crops	Application Timing	Metribuzin 75 Rate (Oz/A)	
Field corn	Preplant	2 to 5-1/3	
Iowa	(0 to 30 days)		
Kansas	Preemergence	1	
Missouri	_		
Nebraska			
South Dakota			

Metribuzin 75 Burndown Rates

Field Corn And Soybeans			
Crops	Application Timing	Metribuzin 75 Rate (Oz/A)	
Field corn	Preplant	2 to 5-1/3	
Illinois	(10 to 30 days)		
Indiana	Preplant	2 to 4	
Kentucky	(0 to 9 days)		
Michigan	Preemergence		
Minnesota	Ū		
Ohio			
Wisconsin			
Soybeans	Preplant	2 to 5-1/3	
-	(0 to 30 days)		
	Preemergence		

Special Precautions. Do not apply these treatments after crop emergence. Observe all precautions and limitations on the labeling of all products used in tank-mixtures. Refer to the General Information section of this label for additional information, precautions, and limitations.

Field Corn:

- 1. Do not apply on coarse textured soils with less than 1.5% organic matter.
- Do not apply more than 4 oz of Metribuzin 75 per acre on soils with less than 2% organic matter.
- 3. Do not apply on soils having pH 7.0 or greater.
- Do not apply more than 5-¹/₃ ounces Metribuzin 75 (0.25 pound active ingredient) per acre per growing season.
- 5. Corn seed should be planted a minimum of 1-1/22 inches deep.
- Metribuzin 75 may only be used in hybrid seed corn production fields if both inbred parents are know to be tolerant to Metribuzin 75.

Soybeans:

- 1. Apply only 2,4 D low volatile ester formulations which are registered and
- recommended for preplant or burndown use in soybeans.
- Do not apply tank-mixtures containing 2,4-D LVE if wind is blowing toward desired susceptible plants (i.e. cotton, tobacco, tomato, etc.) or when wind speeds exceed 6 miles per hour.

Feeding restrictions. Corn treated with Metribuzin 75 may be harvested for silage or grain 60 days after treatment. Soybean vines or hay treated with Metribuzin 75 may be grazed or fed to livestock 40 days after application. Do not feed hay, forage, fodder or graze 2,4-D, Select, or Fusion treated vegetation. Follow the most restrictive preharvest interval of all products used in a tank-mixture.

Metribuzin 75 Pl	us Tank Mix Part	ner Burndown Rates - Field Corn Or Soybeans
Product	Rato	Directions And Remarks

Product	Rate	Directions And Remarks
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A*	In soybeans, apply at least 7 days preplant when
+	+	using 2.4-D LVE at 1/4 to 1/2 lb ai/A and at least 30
2.4-D LVE	¹ / ₄ to 1 lb ai/A	days preplant with rates greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ lb ai/A.
2,10212	/4 10 1 10 01/71	Include crop oil concentrate (COC) at the rate of
		1 gal/100 gal of spray solution $(1\% \text{ v/v})$.
		In corn, apply at least 7 days preplant or at least
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A*	3 days after planting but before corn emergence.
		Must be applied prior to crop emergence. Use 24
+	+	to 32 fluid ounces of Gramoxone Inteon for weeds
Gramoxone Inteon	24 to 48 ti oz/A	less than 4 inches in height and 32 to 48 fluid
		ounces when weeds are 4 to 6 inches in height.
		Apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre.
		Include either nonionic surfactant at 1 quart per
		100 gallons (0.25% v/v) or crop oil concentrate at
		1 gallon per 100 gallons (1% v/v) of spray solution.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A*	For this tank mix follow the Directions and
+	+	Remarks Sections above for Metribuzin 75 +
Gramoxone Inteon	24 to 48 fl oz/A	2,4-D LVE and Metribuzin 75 + Gramoxone
+	+	Inteon, paying special attention to crop planting
2,4-D LVE	1/4 to 1 lb ai/A	restrictions with 2,4-D LVE. Include either
		nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate in this
		tank mix.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A*	Must be applied prior to crop emergence. Use the
+	+	higher rates as weeds approach the maximum
Roundup/		weed heights listed in the "Weeds Controlled"
Roundup Ultra	12 to 24 fl oz/A	section below. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water
or	or	per acre. With Roundup and Touchdown, include
Touchdown	8 to 16 fl oz/A	nonionic surfactant at 2 guarts per 100 gallons
		(0.5% v/v) and ammonium sulfate (spray grade)
		at 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray solution.
		With Roundup Ultra, include ammonium sulfate
		(spray grade) at 17 pounds per 100 gallons of
		spray solution. Any glyphosate formulation
		registered and labeled for use in field corn or
		soybeans may be tank mixed with Metribuzin 75.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A*	For this tank mix follow the Directions and
+	+	Remarks Sections above for Metribuzin 75 +
+ Roundup/	'	2,4-D LVE and Metribuzin 75 + Roundup /
Roundup Ultra	12 to 24 fl oz/A	Roundup Ultra / Touchdown, paying special
or	0r	attention to planting restrictions with 2,4-D LVE.
Touchdown	8 to 16 fl oz/A	Use the adjuvant recommendations under the
	8 10 16 11 02/A	
		Metribuzin 75 + Roundup / Roundup Ultra /
2,4-D LVE	1/4 to 1 lb ai/A	Touchdown tank mix. Do not use crop oil
		concentrate.

Product	Rate	Directions And Remarks
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A	Apply preplant or before soybean emergence.
+	+	Include nonionic surfactant at 2 quarts per 100
2,4-DB	1/8 to 7/32 lb ai/A	gallons (0.5% v/v) of spray solution.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A	For use only in Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa,
+	+	Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan,
Fusion	4 to 8 fl oz/A	Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota,
+	+	Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Virginia, West
2,4-D LVE	1/4 to 1 lb ai/A	Virginia and Wisconsin. For this tank mix follow
		the planting restrictions under the Directions and
		Remarks Section above for Metribuzin 75 + 2,4-D
		LVE. Fusion rates of 4, 6 and 8 fl. ounces will
		control certain grasses up to 2, 4 and 6 inches in
		height, respectively. Include either crop oil
		concentrate at 1 gallon per 100 gallons (1.0%
		v/v) or nonionic surfactant at 1 to 2 quarts per
		100 gallons (0.25 to 0.5% v/v) of spray solution.
		Refer to the Fusion label for additional information.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A	For this tank mix follow the planting restrictions
+	+	under the Directions and Remarks Section above
Poast Plus	8 to 16 fl oz/A	for Metribuzin 75 + 2,4-D LVE. The 8 and 12 oz
+	+	rate of Poast Plus will control certain grasses up
2,4-D LVE	1/4 to 1 lb ai/A	to 2 and 3 inches in height, respectively. Include
		either crop oil concentrate at the rate of 1 gallon
		per 100 gallons of spray solution (1% v/v) or
		Dash HC at 1 pint per acre. Refer to the Poast Plus label for additional information.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 5-1/3 oz/A	For this tank mix follow the planting restrictions
+	+	under the Directions and Remarks Section above
Select	3 to 4 fl oz/A	for Metribuzin 75 + 2,4-D LVE. The 3 and 4 fluid
+	+	ounce rates of Select will control certain grasses
2,4-D LVE	¹ / ₄ to 1 lb ai/A	up to 3 and 4 inches in height, respectively.
_,,	/4 to 1 10 di/A	Include crop oil concentrate at the rate of 1 quart
		per acre and 28% UAN (urea ammonium nitrate)
		at a rate of 1 to 2 guarts per acre. Refer to the
		Select label for additional information.

Weeds controlled. Metribuzin 75 in tank-mixtures with the above herbicides will provide burndown control of the weeds listed below. Weeds Controlled By Burndown Rates of Metribuzin 75

				neede eena	Metribuzin 75 plus				
Weeds Controlled	2.4-D LVE	Poast Plus + 2,4-D LVE	Select + 2,4-D LVE	Fusion + 2,4-D LVE	Roundup/ Roundup/ Roundup Ultra/ Touchdown	Roundup Ultra/ Touchdown + 2,4-D LVE	Gramoxone	Gramoxone Inteon + 2.4-D LVE	2.4-DB
Annual Grasses	2,4"D LVL					wn Height (Inches)	Inteon	2,4°D LV L	2,4-00
Barley		-	-	-		8	4 t	to 6	
Barnyardgrass		2 to 3	3 to 4	-		6		to 6	
Crabgrass spp.		2 to 3	-	-		6		to 6	
Foxtail spp.		2 to 3	3 to 4	2 to 6		8		to 6	
Johnsongrass, seedling		2 to 3	-	-		8	4 t	to 6	
Panicum, fall		2 to 3	3	2 to 6		6	4 t	to 6	
Sandbur, field	Does not	-	-	-		8	4 t	to 6	
Shattercane	control	2 to 3	-	-		8		to 6	Does not
Wheat, volunteer	these	-	-	-		6		to 6	control these
Witchgrass	species	2 to 3	-	-		6	4 t	to 6	species
Broadleaves						wn Height (Inches)			-
Buffalobur		-			6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	-
Chickweed, common		6			6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2
Cocklebur, common	6		6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	6		
Dandelion, common	6 dia a		2 dia ^b	6 dia ^a	4 dia d	6 dia a	2 dia		
Henbit		4			4	4	4 to 6	4 to 6	-
Horseweed/		0						0.0	0.0
marestail	<u>6 ac</u>		4 b	6	3 4 to 6	6 a	2 °		
Jimsonweed Kochia*	6		6 4	6 4	4 10 6	4 to 6	2		
Ladysthumb	4 ac 6		6	8	4 to 6	4 4 to 6	3		
Ladystrumb Lambsquarters,	0		0	0	4 10 0	4100	3		
common		6			6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2
Lettuce, prickly	6 6		4	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Mallow, Venice	6		6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	-		
Morningglory spp.	6				2	4	2	4	4
Mustard spp.	6				6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2
Pennycress, field	6				6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	2
Pigweed, spp.									_
(annual)		6	6		6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3
Ragweed, common	6		6 ^b	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Ragweed, giant	6 ac		4 b	6	4	6	2		
Shepherdspurse	6		6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	-		
Sida, prickly		6	5		4	4	4	4	1
Smartweed,									
Pennsylvania		6			6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3
Sunflower, common		6			6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	4
Thistle, Russian	4 ac				2 to 4 ^{bc}	6	4	4 to 6	3 °
Velvetleaf	6				6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3
Waterhemp spp.	6			6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3	

aUse 2,4-D LVE at 0.5 pound active ingredient per acre.

^bUse a minimum Roundup/Roundup Ultra rate of 16 fl oz/A and a minimum Touchdown rate of 10.6 oz/A.

CUse Metribuzin 75 at 4 oz/A for optimum control.

dSuppression only.

*Does not control triazine resistant biotypes.

RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

Metribuzin 75 burndown programs can be used as part of a full season weed control program in both field corn and soybeans when, 1) applied as a tank-mixture with residual herbicides, or 2) followed with a postemergence weed control program, which is registered for use on that crop.

For residual control, Metribuzin 75 burndown programs may include tank-mixes with the following herbicides or combination of herbicides:

Field Corn			
Alachlor	Bullet	Harness Xtra	Pursuit ^a
Atrazine	Clarity	Lariat	Pursuit Plus ^a
Banvel	Cycle	Linex	Ramrod
Bicep	Dual	Linuron	Ramrod/Atrazine
Bicep II	Dual II	Lorox	Simazine
Bicep Lite	Frontier	Marksman	Surpass
Broadstrike + Dual	Guardsman	Pentagon	Surpass 100
Broadstrike Plus	Harness	Prowl	Topnotch

a Use only Pursuit resistant/tolerant corn hybrids.

Souhoane

Dual	New Lorox Plus	Pursuit Plus
Dual II	Pentagon	Scepter
Frontier	Preview	Sencorb
Gemini	Prowl	Squadron
Linuron	Pursuit	Turbo
	Dual II Frontier Gemini	Dual IIPentagonFrontierPreviewGeminiProwl

^bMetribuzin 75 used (alone and in tank-mixes) on soybeans at higher labeled rates than those listed for burndown weed control will also provide residual control of those weeds listed in the "Weeds Controlled by Metribuzin 75 Tank-mix Combinations" section of the Metribuzin 75 label.

Refer to the individual product labels for additional information, precautions, and limitations.

Southern And Southeastern States Only Postemergence Directed Spray Applications

Metribuzin 75 can be applied in postemergence directed sprays to soybeans for control of certain weeds which escape preplant or preemergence herbicide applications and for control of additional flushes of weeds that may occur after soybeans have emerged. Postemergence directed sprays of Metribuzin 75 can be applied to soybeans in addition to a preemergence or preplant application of Metribuzin 75 herbicide according to label directions.

Weeds Controlled: Metribuzin 75, applied postemergence to soybeans as a directed spray according to directions on this label, will control the following at rates shown (broadcast basis) when grasses and common ragweed are less than 1 inch tall and other broadleaves are less than 3 inches tall:

1/3 Lb/Acre С

Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata)	Mexicanweed (Caperonia castaniifolia)
Cocklebur (Xanthium pensylvanicum)	Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)
Crabgrass (Digitaria spp	Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)
Dayflower (Commelina spp.)	Sicklepod (Cassia obtusifolia)
Florida beggarweed (Desmodium tortuosum)	Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)

Ragweed, common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)

1/3 to 2/3 Lb/Acre Pricklysida/Teaweed (Sida spinosa)

2/3 Lb/Acre

Sesbania (Sesbania spp.)

At the rate of 2/3 lb/acre morningglory species, (Ipomoea spp.) horsenettle, (Solanum spp.) Florida pusley, (Richardia scabra) spotted spurge (Euphorbia maculate) and wild

poinsettia (*Euphorbia heterophylla*) are suppressed when Metribuzin 75 is applied before these weeds are 3 inches tall. The ²/₃ lb/acre rate will suppress broadleaf signalgrass (*Brachiaria platyphylla*) up to 1 inch tall.

Metribuzin 75 Postemergence Directed Spray

Applications				
Crop	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre			
Soybeans	1/3 to 2/3			
(Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia,	(Broadcast Basis)			
Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri,				
North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina,				
Tennessee and Texas)				

Apply proper dosage using 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a directed spray in a 6 to 8 inch band on each side of the row after soybeans are 8 inches tall and before broadleaf weeds are 3 inches tall and before grasses and common ragweed are 1 inch tall. For best results the spray must cover weed foliage with minimum or no contact with soybean foliage. Add a nonionic surfactant such as Ortho X-77 to the spray mixture to obtain better wetting of weed leaf surfaces. To determine the correct dosage of Metribuzin 75 for a band application see "Banded Application" under the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

If necessary, a second postemergence directed spray application can be made after 7 days.

Do not feed or graze green soybean vines. Do not harvest soybeans or use dry soybeans vines for feed or forage within 70 days of last application.

Special Precautions (Directed Postemergence): Do not apply directly to soybeans or serious crop injury will occur. Do not allow spray to contact more than the lower $\frac{1}{10}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ of soybean plants. Soybean leaves contacted by the spray will be killed.

Do not apply Metribuzin 75 postemergence to sensitive soybean varieties. See "Special Precautions" in the front of this label.

To avoid injury to other crops or desirable plants from spray drift, sprayer pressure must not exceed 30 psi and the sprayer must be fitted with nozzles no smaller than 8002 T-Jet (or equivalent). Do not apply under weather conditions which favor drift.

POTATOES

Metribuzin 75 herbicide may be used in ground, aircraft or specified chemigation equipment as a preemergence and/or postemergence application to potatoes. Early maturing smooth skinned white and all red skinned varieties may be injured with postemergence applications. The varieties Atlantic, Bellchip, Centennial, Chipbelle and Shepody are sensitive to Metribuzin 75. Avoid postemergence applications on these varieties. Preemergence applications on these varieties may cause crop injury under adverse weather conditions, on coarse soils, under high soil pH, with higher rates per acre and with mechanical incorporation.

Ground Application: Metribuzin 75 may be used with ground spray equipment applied as a preemergence and/or postemergence application for control of the listed grass and broadleaf weeds in potatoes. Apply as a uniform broadcast spray at 20 or more gallons per acre.

Aerial Application: Metribuzin 75 may be applied in aerial spray equipment as a preemergence and/or postemergence application at 5 or more gallons per acre.

Chemigation: Metribuzin 75 may be applied preemergence and/or early postemergence to potatoes using center pivot, solid set and lateral roll systems. Apply specified dosage in ½ to $\frac{3}{2}$ inch of water per acre (½ to ½ inch on sandy soli) as a continuous injection in self-propelled systems or apply in the last 15 to 30 minutes of the set in other systems. Be sure all the Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre has been flushed from the lines before shutting down the system.

Weeds Controlled

Metribuzin 75 applied to potatoes according to directions, will provide economic control of the following weeds. For optimum control, applications should be made before weeds are 1 inch tall. (See NOTE)

Broadleaves

Carpetweed, common 1	Mustard, tansy ¹	Ragweed, common ^{1,2}
Cocklebur, common 1,2	Mustard, tumble 1	Sheperdspurse ¹
Jimsonweed ¹	Mustard, wild 1	Sicklepod 1
Kochia ³	Pennycress, field 1,2	Smartweed, Pennsylvania 1,2
Lambsquarters, common 1,2	Pigweed, Redroot 1,2	Sunflower, common ³
Mustard, Indian 1	Pigweed, smooth 1,2	Thistle, Russian ²

Grasses Barnyard

Barnyardgrass ³		
Crabgrass, large 1		
Crabgrass, smooth 1		

 Foxtail, giant 1
 Panicum, fall 1

 Foxtail, green 1
 Johnsongrass, seedling 1

 Foxtail, yellow 1
 Signalgrass, broadleaf 1

¹ Weeds controlled with preemergence applications.

² Weeds controlled with postemergence applications.

³ Weeds requiring two applications for control.

Hard To Control Weeds

Although Metribuzin 75 may not provide commercially acceptable control in every instance, it will suppress growth of the following weeds and reduce their competition with potato plants.

Broadleaves

Kochia	Barnyardgrass		
Nightshade, hairy	Nutsedge, yellow		
Purslane, common	Sunflower, common Grasses		
Note: Where triazine-resistant weeds are present, Metribuzin 75 alone may not provide			
adequate control.			

Broadcast Applications

4/	
¹ /3 to 1- ¹ /3	
	pray. Do not mechanically
	10.00 1 10

incorporate into soil. Use the 1/3 to 2/3 lb/acre rate for control of wild mustard (*Brassica* sp.) only. On sand soils or sensitive varieties, do not exceed 2/3 lb/acre. Potatoes 1/3 to 2/3

(Except early maturing smooth skinned, red skinned, and other specified varieties.) **Postemergence:** Apply specified dosage as a broadcast spray over the tops of potato plants [Refer to Special Precautions (Potatoes)]. Use rates of 1/3 to 2/3 lb/acre for control of redroot pigweed and common lambsquarters only. Apply the 2/3 lb/acre rate for control of other weeds listed on this label.

Split Applications: This product may be applied once preemergence and one postemergence as directed above [Refer to Special Precautions (Potatoes)]. Do not exceed 1-1/3 lbs total per acre per season.

Idaho, Oregon And Washington Only: Two postemergence applications can be made as broadcast sprays over the tops of potato plants if Metribuzin 75 is applied preemergence. Use 1/3 to 2/3 lb/acre for control of redroot pigweed and lambsquarters only. On coarse (sandy) soils with low organic matter do not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ lb/acre per application. On medium and heavy soils only, use $\frac{2}{3}$ lb/acre per application for control of other weeds listed on this label and for suppression of hairy nightshade. Make the first application early in the season while weeds are still small. Allow at least 14 days before the second application. Do not apply after June 30 if treated land is to be planted to crops other than potatoes.

Tank-Mixes: Metribuzin 75 may be tankmixed with the following herbicides: Dual/Dual II, Eptam, ProvI 3.3 EC and Matrix. In addition, three-way tank-mix combinations may be used for Metribuzin 75 plus Dual/Dual II, Eptam or ProvI 3.3 EC plus Matrix when applied preemergence. Refer to each product's label for precautionary statements, restrictions, application information and weeds controlled.

Dual/Dual II: Metribuzin 75 may be applied in a tankmix combination with Dual/Dual II as a preemergence broadcast application. Apply Metribuzin 75 at $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1-1/3 lbs and Dual/Dual II at 1.5 to 3 pints per acre according to the respective labels for use of each product alone on potatoes.

Eptam: Metribuzin 75 may be tankmixed with Eptam at rates and uses permitted on each product's label.

Prowl 3.3 EC: Metribuzin 75 may be applied in tankmix combination with Prowl as a preemergence or early postemergence broadcast application. As a preemergence mix, apply Metribuzin 75 at $^{2}/_{3}$ to 1- $^{1}/_{3}$ lbs and Prowl at 1.2 to 3.6 pints per acre. As an early postemergence spray, apply Metribuzin 75 at $^{1}/_{3}$ to $^{2}/_{3}$ lb and Prowl at 1.2 to 3.6 pints per acre before the crop is in the 6-inch growth stage.

Matrix (except the following counties in Colorado: Alamosa, Conejos, Costilla, Rio Grande and Saguache): Metribuzin 75 may be applied in tankmix combination with Matrix as a preemergence and/or early postemergence application for improved control on weeds such as Russian thistle, kochia and common lambsquarters. As a preemergence mix, apply Metribuzin 75 at 1/3 to 3/4 lb and Matrix at 1 to 1-1/2 oz product per acre. As an early postemergence spray, apply Metribuzin 75 at 1/3 to 2/3 lb and Matrix at 1 to 1-1/2 oz product per acre. Use a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 0.125% v/v (1 pt/100 gallon of water). Apply before the crop exceeds 14 inches in height. Postemergence applications of Matrix treatments should be made prior to June 30.

Special Precautions (Potatoes):

Do not use Metribuzin 75 on potatoes in Kern County, California.

Do not apply more than a total of 1-1/3 lbs Metribuzin 75 per acre in a single crop season regardless of the method of application.

Do not make postemergence applications prior to rainfall or irrigation on recently cultivated potatoes, nor within 3 days after periods of cool, wet cloudy weather or injury may occur.

Postemergence applications may cause some chlorosis or minor necrosis. These symptoms may be more severe if seed-piece decay is occurring or if growing conditions favor crop stress.

Postemergence applications may be made only on russet or white skinned varieties that are not early maturing.

Potato varieties may vary in their response to herbicide applications. When using Metribuzin 75 for the first time on a particular variety, always determine crop tolerance before using on a field scale.

Do not apply Metribuzin 75 within 60 days of harvest.

Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

Do not use air blast sprayers.

Do not apply to sweet potatoes or yams.

Do not plant sensitive crops such as onions, lettuce, cole crops and cucurbits during the next growing season following Metribuzin 75 application.

Certain cereal varieties are sensitive to Metribuzin 75 (see cereal section of this label for sensitive varieties) and should not be planted during the next growing season unless the following cultural practices occur:

- Potato vines left in rows as a result of harvest must be uniformly distributed over the soil surface prior to plowing and,
- 2. Plow with a moldboard plow to a depth sufficient to mix the upper 8 inches of soil.

ALFALFA AND SAINFOIN

- Metribuzin 75 herbicide is labeled for use in alfalfa and sainfoin in the following areas: 1. Alfalfa and sainfoin (Including mixed stands with grasses) (all areas except
- California).
- 2. Alfalfa and sainfoin (Including mixed stands with grasses) (California only).
- Alfalfa Tank-mix Combination with Gramoxone (Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and the following California counties: Del Norte, Lassen, Modoc, Nevada, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, and Siskiyou).
- Alfalfa Post Dormant Application of Metribuzin 75 Impregnated on Dry Fertilizer Only (Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wisconsin).
- 5. Alfalfa Non-Dormant, Non-Winter Hardy varieties (Arizona only).

Metribuzin 75 may be used in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin for the control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds.

Application: Refer to "General Information" in the front of this label for detailed information on the application of Metribuzin 75. For information on applying Metribuzin 75 in fluid or on dry fertilizer refer to the "Application of Metribuzin 75 in Fluid Fertilizers" or "Commercial Impregnation And Application Of Metribuzin 75 On Dry Bulk Fertilizer" under the "General Information" section of this label.

Special Precautions: Use Metribuzin 75 only on established alfalfa and sainfoin. Do not apply Metribuzin 75 after growth begins in the spring or before growth ceases in the fall, except as specified on this label.

Do not graze or harvest within 28 days after application.

For best weed control, apply Metribuzin 75 when weeds are less than 2 inches tall or before wee foliage is 2 inches in diameter.

Reduced weed control may occur when extended dry conditions follow application of Metribuzin 75.

Crop injury may occur when:

 Crop is under stress conditions such as diseases, insect infestations, poorly drained soils, drought or winter injury at time of application;

2. Crop is treated within 12 months after seeding;

3. There is excessive irrigation or rainfall immediately after application. Do not apply more than ½ inch of water in the first irrigation after Metribuzin 75 is applied.

Alfalfa and Sainfoin (All Areas Except California) Broadcast Applications

Crop	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre
Alfalfa and Sainfoin (Except California)	1/3 to 1-1/3
Select the proper dosage according to	weeds known to be and present in field to be
treated. On loamy sand soils in Oregon	and Washington, do not apply more than 2/3 of
Metribuzin 75 per acre.	

For Use On Mixed Stands Of Alfalfa And Grasses

Rates of 2 /₃ to 1 lb of Metribuzin 75 per acre will provide partial reduction of forage grass stands. These rates may be used to reduce forage grass stands to prevent crowding out of alfalfa. Higher rates will severely reduce forage grass stands.

Metribuzin 75 should not be used on sand soils. In areas West of the Rocky Mountains, avoid using Metribuzin 75 on soils with calcareous surface area, high levels of lime or sodium, or a pH greater than 8.2.

Alfalfa and Sainfoin (Continued) Weeds Controlled (Except California) 1/3 to 1/2 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre

Chickweed, Common (Stellaria media)				
1/2 to 2/3 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre				
Cheat (Bromus secalinus)	Pennycress (Thlaspi arvense)			
Deadnettle, Purple (Lamium purpureum)	Rescuegrass (Bromus catharticus)			
Downy brome (Bromus tectorum)	Shepherdspurse (Capsella bursa pastoris)			
Japanese brome (Bromus japonicus)				

Alfalfa and Sainfoin (Continued) Weeds Controlled (Except California)

weeds Controlled (Except California)			
2/3 to 1- 1/3 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre			
Mustard, Jim Hill (tumble) (Sisymbrium			
altissimum)			
Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)			
Pepperweed (Lepidium virginicum)			
Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus retroflexus)			
Prickly Lettuce (Lactuca serriola)			
White Cockle (Melandrium album)			
Wild Buckwheat (Polygonum convolvulus)			
Yellow Rocket (Barbarea vulgaris)			
Smooth Brome (Bromus inermis)			
Wild Oats (Avena fatua)			
1-1/3 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre			
Dandelion (Taraxacum officinale)			
Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia			
artemisiifolia)			
Foxtail Barley (Hordeum jubatum)			

Weeds Partially Controlled: At the rate of 1-1/3 lb/acre Metribuzin 75 may be used to reduce the competition from curly dock (*Rumex crispus*).

At 2/3 to 1-1/3 lb/acre, Metribuzin 75 may be used to reduce the competition of German Moss or knawel (*Scleanthus annus*).

Alfalfa and Sainfoin (California Only)

(Including Mixed Stands With Grasses) Metribuzin 75 may be used in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface

Metribuzin 75 may be used in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to dormant established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin.

Application: Metribuzin 75 may be used in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to dormant established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin for control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. Do not apply Metribuzin 75 after growth begins in the spring or before growth ceases in the fall. Do not apply to either alfalfa or sainfoin during the first growing season after seeding.

For information on applying Metribuzin 75 in fluid fertilizer solutions to alfalfa, refer to the appropriate section of this label.

For information on Commercial impregnation and application of Metribuzin 75 on dry bulk fertilizer, refer to the appropriate section of this label.

Weeds Controlled

Cheatgrass (downy brome)	etribuzin 75/Acre
(Bromus secalinus)	
	Metribuzin 75/Acre
Broadleaves	weunbuzin 75/Acre
Chickweed, Common (Stellara media)	Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)
Flixweed (Descurainia sophia)	Pepperweed, Virginia (Lepidium
Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule)	virginicum)
Kochia (Kochia scoparia)	Sheperdspurse (Capsella bursa-pastoris)
Meadow Salsify (Tragopogon pratensis)	White Cockle (Melandrium album)
Mustard, Blue (Chlorispora tenella)	Wild Buckwheat (Polygonum convolvulus
	Yellow Rocket (Barbarea vulgaris)
Grasses	· • ·
Smooth Brome (Stellaria media)	Wild Oats (Avena fatua)
1-1/3 Lb Met	ribuzin 75/Acre
Broadleaves	
Dandelion (Taraxacum officinale)	
Grasses	
Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli)	Foxtail Barley (Hordum jubatum)
Bluegrass (Poa annua)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Broadcast Applications

rates will severely reduce forage grass stands.

 Crop
 Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre

 Alfalfa and Sainfoin (California Only)
 ½ to 1-1/3

 Select the proper dosage according to weeds known to be present in the field to be treated. Apply specified dosage in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equip

ed. Apply specified dosage in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment or 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment fitted with nozzles suitable for broadcast applications of herbicides. Treat only dormant established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin. Injury may occur to alfalfa if Metribuzin 75 is applied earlier than 12 months after seeding. Do not apply after Spring growth begins or before growth ceases in the Fall. Do not graze or harvest within 28 days after application. At the 1-1/3 lb/acre rate, Metribuzin 75 may be used for suppression of curly dock.

For Use On Mixed Stands Of Alfalfa And Grasses: Rates of 2/3 to 1-1/3 lb of Metribuzin 75 per acre will provide partial reduction of forage grass stands. These rates may be used to reduce forage grass stands to prevent crowding out of alfalfa. Higher

Do not apply with aerial spray equipment when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift and/or when sensitive cool season crops, such as cole crops, onions, peas, or strawberries, are present in adjacent fields. Applications should not be made when weather conditions favor spray drift, especially in areas where wheat is growing on coarse textured soils in adjacent fields, or injury may occur.

ALFALFA

Metribuzin 75 plus Gramoxone Inteon Tank-mix Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming and the following California counties: Del Norte, Lassen, Modoc, Nevada, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, and Siskiyou.

Application: Metribuzin 75 plus Gramoxone Inteon tank-mix application may be used, during the dormant season, in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to established (at least 1 year old) alfalfa for the control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. Do not apply Metribuzin 75/Gramoxone Inteon tank-mix to regrowth (after grazing or cutting) that is more than 2 inches tall. Apply once per season. Do not apply following cutting during growing season. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment and a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment. Add a non-ionic spreader at label rates to the spray solution.

Weeds Controlled: Metribuzin 75 plus Gramoxone Inteon (1-½ to 2-½ pt/acre) tank-mix application will control established weeds. Gramoxone controls weeds by contact activity.

1/3 to 1/2 Lb. of Metribuzin 75 Per Acre

Common Chickweed		
1/2 to 1 Lb. of Metribuzin	75 Per Acre	
Bluegrass	Field pennycress	Rescuegrass
Cheat	Henbit	Shepherdspurse
Downey brome	Japanese brome	
Use Metribuzin 75 at 2/3	to 1 Lb/Acre for control	of the following weeds:
Blue mustard	Marestail (Horseweed)	Smooth brome
Common lambsquarters	Meadow salsify	Sow thistle
Flixweed	Pepperweed	Tansy mustard
Green foxtail	Prickly lettuce	White cockle
Groundsel	Redroot pigweed	Wild oats
Jim Hill mustard	Rough fleabane	Wild buckwheat
Kochia	Ryegrass	Yellow rocket
Little barley		

Applications

Dosage/Acre	Apply specified dosages of Metribuzin 75 and Gramoxone Inteon
Metribuzin 75	in at least 10 gallons of water per acre with aerial equipment or
1/3 to 1 Lb	at least 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment.
Plus	Do not apply this tank mix to alfalfa growth if more than 2 inches
Gramoxone Inteon	tall. For best weed control, apply when broadleaf weeds and
1-1/2 to 2-1/2 Pt	grasses are 1-6 inches tall and are actively growing. Care should
	be taken to avoid overlaps. Do not apply more than 2/3 lb of
	Metribuzin 75 per acre on loamy sand soils. Reduced weed control
	may occur when extended dry conditions follow application of
	Metribuzin 75. Crop injury may occur if alfalfa is under stress
	conditions such as diseases, insect infestations, drought or winter
	injury or if Metribuzin 75 is applied to alfalfa earlier than 12 months
	after seeding.

For Use On Mixed Stands Of Alfalfa And Grasses: Rates of 2/3 to 1 lb of Metribuzin 75 per acre will provide partial reduction of forage grass stands. These rates may be used to reduce forage grass stands to prevent crowding out of alfalfa.

Do not graze or harvest within 42 days after application.

In areas west of the Rockies, avoid the use of Metribuzin 75 on soils with calcareous surface, soils with high levels of lime or sodium and with a pH greater than 8.2.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. Aerial application should not be made when wind speed is greater than 10 mph.

Do not use on sand soil.

Refer to the Gramoxone Inteon label for additional directions, weed species controlled and precautions.

Post-Dormant Application of Metribuzin 75 Impregnated on Dry Fertilizer Only Metribuzin 75 may be applied after dormancy has broken, but prior to three inches of new alfalfa shoot growth, only when impregnated on dry fertilizer in Connecticut, Illinois, Indian, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wisconsin. Apply at rates of 1 to 1-1/s lb per acre as directed on this label for application during dormancy. Apply only when alfalfa foliage is dry or crop injury may occur. When using this application method, do not harvest or graze treated alfalfa for 60 days after application.

Alfalfa

Non-Dormant, Non-Winter Hardy Varieties

(Arizona Only)

Metribuzin 75 may be used as a broadcast surface application to established crops of non-dormant alfalfa varieties for preemergence and postemergence control of certain winter annual weeds following either a fall or winter sheep grazing/green-chop harvest.

Weeds Controlled:

Field pepperweed Lambsquarters Little mallow (cheeseweed) Littleseed canarygrass London rocket (mustard) Prickly lettuce Mouse barley Nettleleaf goosefoot Shepherdspurse Silversheath knotweed Spiny Sowthistle

Applications Crop

Alfalfa

Metribuzin 75 ½ to 2/3

Non-Dormant, Non-Winter Hardy Varieties Apply specified dosage by aerial or ground spray equipment in 7 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat established alfalfa stubble after fall or winter sheep grazing or green-chop harvest and prior to the time regrowth is 2" tall. Alfalfa foliage present at time of application can exhibit yellowing. Injury may occur to alfalfa in areas of high salt concentration where the crop is stunted and/or has a poorly developed root system, or if alfalfa is under stressed growing conditions such as diseases, insect infestations, or drought. For most effective postemergence weed control, treatment should be made before weeds are 2" tall or before leaf rosettes are 2" wide. For maximum control, rainfall (¼" or more) or irrigation is necessary within 30 days of treatment, however, do not flood irrigate within 2 days after treatment. Use ½ Metribuzin 75 on sand soil when only mustard, goosefoot, lambsquarters, or canary grass are the weeds to be controlled. Do not apply earlier than 6 months after seeding. Do not graze or harvest within 28 days after application.

Special Precautions: Maintain continuous mechanical agitation in the spray tank to ensure a uniform spray mixture. Do not apply with aerial spray equipment when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift and/or when sensitive cool season crops, such as cole crops, onions, peas or strawberries are present in adjacent fields. Applications should not be made when weather conditions favor drift especially in areas where wheat is growing on coarse textured soils in adjacent fields or injury may occur.

APARAGUS (Established)

Metribuzin 75 may be used in ground spray equipment or sprinkler irrigation (center pivot, lateral move, or solid set) systems as a single preemergence broadcast application or as a split application consisting of a preemergence broadcast application followed by a post-harvest broadcast application.

Aerial application is prohibited.

Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for directions.

Weeds Controlled: Metribuzin 75, applied to established asparagus according to directions, will effectively control:

Broadleaves	
Chickweed, Common (<i>Stellaria media</i>) Jimsonweed (<i>Datura Stramonium</i>)	Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)
Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album)	Smartweed, Pennsylvania (<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>)
Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus	Sorrel, Red (Rumex acetosella)
retroflexus)	Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)
Grasses	
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.)	Sandbur, Field (Cenchrus
Foxtails (Setaria spp.)	pauciflorus)

Broadcast Applications

Crop	Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre
Asparagus	1-2/3 to 2-2/3
(Preemergence	Preemergence Application Only: Make a single surface
Application only)	application in early Spring before asparagus spears or ferns
	emerge. If the field is to be disked, apply Metribuzin 75 after disking
	but before the crop emerges. Use the lower rate for control of the
	broadleaf weeds listed above. Use the higher rate in fields with a
	history of severe infestations of grasses and for maximum residual
	control. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Asparagus	² / ₃ to 1- ² / ₃ preemergence
(Split	plus
Application)	1-2/3 to 2 post-harvest
	Split Application
	Preemergence And Post Harvest: Preemergence Application:
	Apply before asparagus spears or ferns emerge. If the field is to be
	disked, apply after disking but prior to crop emergence. Do not apply
	within 14 days of harvest.
	Post Harvest Application: Apply after last harvest of the season
	but prior to emergence. The lower combination rates may be used
	for control of common ragweed, lambsquarters, redroot pigweed and
	red sorrel. Use the higher combination rates for other weeds listed or
	in fields with severe grass infestations or for maximum post harvest
	control of emerged weeds.

Important: The total amount of Metribuzin 75 applied in one crop season may not exceed 2-2/3 lb per acre.

Special Precautions (Asparagus): Do not use on newly seeded asparagus nor on young plants during the first growing season after setting crowns.

DO NOT APPLY POST HARVEST APPLICATIONS UNTIL AFTER THE $\ensuremath{\mathsf{LAST}}$ HARVEST OF SPEARS.

CARROTS

Special Conditions of Sale Provision for Use on Carrots: The following directions for use were developed under the direction of IR-4 (government minor crops use program). Buyer is advised that Loveland Products, Inc. makes no assurances regarding satisfaction with the product and to the extent consistent with applicable law all risks of crop injury or product performance are assumed by the Buyer.

Apply Metribuzin 75 herbicide with ground equipment as specified below under "Applications". For effective control of broadleaf weeds with postemergence applications, apply Metribuzin 75 before weeds are 1 inch in height or diameter. Thorough spray coverage is essential for adequate weed control.

Do not use air blast or other high-pressure spray equipment to make postemergence applications of Metribuzin 75. Refer to the appropriate section of this label for additional information regarding spray equipment, dilution rates, mixing, sprayer cleanup, restrictions, container disposal and cautions.

Refer to "Mixing" under the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

For specific application information see "General Information" and "Application" sections at the front of this label.

Weeds Controlled: Metribuzin 75 applied to carrots according to directions will effectively control:

Carpetweed (Mullugo verticillata) Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus retroflexus) Galinsoga (Galinsoga parviflora) Horseweed (Convza canadensis) Lambsquarters, Common (Chenopodium album) Mustard, Wild (Sinapis arvensis)

Pigweed, Smooth (Amaranthus hybridus) Pineappleweed (Matricaria matricarioides) Prickly Lettuce (Lactuca serriola) Shepherdspurse (Capsella bursa-pastoris)

Crop

Applications Metribuzin 75 Lb/Acre Carrots $1/_{3}$ Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray over the tops of carrot plants. Application should be made after carrots have formed 5 to 6 true leaves but before weeds are 1 inch in height or diameter. If needed, a second application may be made after an interval of at least 3 weeks. Application may

be made up to 60 days of harvest. Important: The total amount of Metribuzin 75 applied in one crop season must not exceed 2/3 lb per acre.

Special Precautions: Do not apply to carrots grown for seed.

Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet or cloudy weather or crop injury will occur.

Do not apply Metribuzin 75 within 3 days of any other chemical unless specified on this label.

Do not apply on very hot days or excessive crop injury will result.

Do not apply until carrots have at least 5 to 6 true leaves. Earlier applications will result in excessive crop damage.

Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from applications of Metribuzin 75 if carrots are growing under stress conditions such as periods of drought or cool, wet and cloudy weather preceding application.

Following an application of Metribuzin 75, chlorosis (yellowing) and burning of the leaf tissue may occur.

For newly introduced varieties of carrots with unknown tolerance to Metribuzin 75, treat only a small area to determine if Metribuzin 75 can be used without injury to the crop.

FIELD CORN

Postemergence Application Metribuzin 75 may be used for control of selected broadleaf weeds when applied as a

tank-mix combination with certain broadleaf herbicides presently registered and recommended for postemergence use in field corn. Herbicides which may be tank-mixed with Metribuzin 75 include:

2,4-D	Buctril/Buctril Gel	Laddok S-12	Resource		
Atrazine	Buctril + atrazine (Premix)	Marksman	Scorpion III		
Banvel	Clarity	Pursuit*	Tough		
Basagran	-				
*Use only on Pursuit resistant/tolerant corn hybrids (IMI-Corn).					

Application: Metribuzin 75 may be applied to field corn after crop emergence until just prior to tasseling. Broadcast applications may be made with ground or aerial equipment. For optimum weed control, apply treatments when weeds are small and actively growing, but before reaching the maximum heights listed in the Weeds Controlled table

Postemergence Broadcast Application

Ground Application: Adjust nozzle height above crop and weed canopy to ensure uniform spray coverage. Gallonage should be increased with increasing weed size and population density.

For tank-mixes of Metribuzin 75 plus atrazine, Basagran, Laddok S-12, Buctril, Buctril + atrazine, Pursuit, Resource, Tough, or 2,4-D amine formulations, use flat fan nozzles spaced a maximum of 20 inches apart. Best results are achieved using a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre and spray pressure from 20 to 40 psi.

For Metribuzin 75 tank-mixes with Banvel, Clarity, Marksman, or 2,4-D low volatile ester formulations, use drift-reducing nozzles which are specifically designed to produce coarse sprays and reduce the amount of driftable fines. Additional measures which will help avoid potential drift to sensitive crops and plants include using a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre and keeping spray pressures at or below 20 psi unless otherwise specified by the nozzle manufacturer.

For further precautions and additional instructions and recommendations, consult the tank-mix partner's label.

Aerial Application: Apply in a minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre. For optimum spray coverage and distribution, use a minimum of 5 gallons per acre and a maximum pressure of 40 psi. Use a boom and nozzle configuration which will provide a uniform deposition pattern and coverage with low drift potential. Avoid overlaps to prevent potential crop injury. Do not apply near sensitive crops or sensitive plants growing near the treated area. Do not apply when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or when winds are moving toward sensitive crops or plants. To avoid drift hazards, applicator must follow the most restrictive labeling of the products used in a tank-mix. Refer to the appropriate tankmix partner's label for further precautions and recommendations

Post Directed Application

Metribuzin 75 in tank-mix combinations with Banvel, 2,4-D, Buctril or Scorpion III may be applied post directed to field corn. Use drop nozzles and appropriate spacing to direct spray below the corn whorl and upper leaves. The top of the target weed canopy must be sufficiently below the whorl and upper leaves of the crop to permit this application and provide adequate spray coverage. The height differential required between the crop and weed canopy will depend on the specific equipment used. Apply before tassel emergence. For further precautions and additional recommendations, refer to the appropriate tank-mix partner's label.

Adjuvants

The adjuvant types listed below may be utilized with certain Metribuzin 75 tank-mix combinations. Consult the tank-mix section for the appropriate adjuvant and rate. Use of nonrecommended adjuvants or rates may result in severe leaf burn, crop stunting, and/or stand reduction. Use only adjuvants which are exempt from tolerance requirements under 40 CFR 180.1-001.

UAN (urea ammonium nitrate) is commonly referred to as 28, 30, or 32% N.

Ammonium sulfate (spray grade) may be used as an alternative to UAN with certain tank-mix combinations.

Non-ionic surfactants should contain at least 80% active ingredient.

DO NOT USE crop oil concentrate (COC) or any adjuvant containing vegetable or petroleum oils with any Metribuzin 75 tank-mixtures as severe leaf burn, crop stunting, and/or stand reductions may occur.

Rainfastness

Metribuzin 75 will not reduce rainfastness of the recommended tank-mix partners. Refer to the individual product labels for rainfastness recommendations.

Sprayer Cleanup

Refer to each tank-mix partner's label and the Sprayer Cleanup section of the Metribuzin 75 label for specific instructions on cleaning spray equipment. Special attention should be given to the required cleanup procedures for 2,4-D, Banvel, Clarity and Marksman.

Special Precautions

- 1. Do not use on corn grown for seed, sweet corn, popcorn, or white corn.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.25 pounds a.i. metribuzin (5-1/3 ounces Metribuzin 75) per acre per use season.
- 3. Do not apply when field corn is under stress (see Stress statement below).
- 4. Do not use aerial applications if sensitive crops or plants are growing in the vicinity of the area to be treated.
- 5. Do not allow spray drift onto sensitive crops or plants.
- Do not use on sand, loamy sand or sandy loam soils that have less than 0.5% 6. organic matter.
- Do not use on sand or loamy sand soils in Washington, Oregon or Idaho or crop injury may occur.
- 8. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in the tankmixtures

Stress is any condition or combination of conditions which impairs normal crop growth. Weather, disease, insect damage, fertility or other factors may cause stress. Applications made before or after the corn is under stress from these factors or from periods of prolonged cool, wet and cloudy weather or widely fluctuating day and nighttime temperatures, may result in temporary leaf burn, yellowing and/or stunting of the crop. Recovery from damage is generally rapid with no lasting effects on new growth. Under extreme stress, stand reductions may occur.

Feeding Restrictions: Field corn treated with Metribuzin 75 may be grazed or harvested for silage or grain 60 days after treatment. Follow the most restrictive preharvest interval on the labels of the products used in the tank-mixtures.

Tank-Mix Combinations

The Metribuzin 75 tank-mixtures listed below can be utilized for control of certain annual broadleaf weeds.

Product	Rate	Directions And Remarks*
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 8 inches tall. Apply only to varieties known to be
+	+	tolerant to 2,4-D. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops. 2,4-D applications may result in
2,4-D Amine	1/2 to 1 pt/A 1	brittle corn stalks and winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage. To reduce damage, delay cultivation 8 to 10 days after
or	or	application.
2,4-D LVE	1/3 to 1/2 pt/A 1	
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 12 inches tall. A non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal
+	+	of spray solution) may be added to improve weed control. Atrazine is a restricted use herbicide. Follow all state and federal label
Atrazine	1/2 to 1-1/2 lb ai/A	recommendations and restrictions pertaining to atrazine applications.
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence through the five-leaf stage or when corn is 8 inches tall,
+	+	whichever occurs first. For Banvel applications to corn greater than 8 inches in height, consult the Banvel label for use rates and
Banvel	1/2 to 1 pt/A	restrictions. If growing conditions are dry and plants are stressed, addition of a non-ionic surfactant (1qt/100 gal of spray solution)
or	or	may improve weed control. For corn grown on coarse, textured soils, apply Banvel or Clarity at 0.5 pt/A, regardless of application
Clarity	1/2 to 1 pt/A	method. Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of corn plants.
-		Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage.
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray after corn emergence but before corn exceeds 30 inches in height and the crop canopy closes the row.
+	+	Adjuvants such as UAN (0.5 to 1 gal/A), ammonium sulfate (17 lbs/100 gal of spray solution), or non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of
Basagran	1 pt/A	spray solution) may improve weed control.
Metribuzin 75	1.6 to 2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray when corn is in the fourth true leaf stage or later but before the crop canopy closes the row. DO NOT
+	+	USE ADJUVANTS. Occasionally temporary corn leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery
Buctril	1 pt/A	is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when
or	or	weather conditions are not extreme.
Buctril Gel	1/2 pt/A	
Metribuzin 75	1.6 to 2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 12 inches tall. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS.
+	+	Occasional temporary corn leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with
Buctril	1-1/2 to 2 pt/A	no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are
+		not extreme.
atrazine (Premix)		
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray after corn emergence until the corn is 12-inches tall. Adjuvants such as UAN (0.5 to 1 gal/A) may
+	+	increase weed control. Laddok S-12 contains atrazine, and is a restricted use product. Follow all state and federal label
Laddok S-12	1.33 to 1.66 pt/A	recommendations and restrictions pertaining to atrazine.
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence through the five-leaf stage or when corn is 8 inches tall,
+	+	whichever occurs first. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application
Marksman	1-1/2 to 2 pt/A	may result in temporary leaning of corn plants. Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage.
		Marksman contains atrazine and is a restricted use product. Follow all state and federal label recommendations and restrictions
		pertaining to atrazine.
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Use only on designated IMI-Corn hybrids (hybrids which are resistant/tolerant to Pursuit). Apply the 4.0 ounce rate of Pursuit if
+	+	grasses are present or broadleaf weeds are near the maximum heights shown. Apply in combination with a non-ionic surfactant
Pursuit	2 to 4 oz/A	(1 gt/100 gal of spray solution) and UAN (1 to 2 gt/A).
Metribuzin 75	3 fl oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray to field corn from 2-leaf through 10-leaf (visible leaf collars) stage. Adjuvants such as nonionic surfactant
+	+	(0.25% v/v), UAN (2% v/v) or ammonium sulfate (2.5 lbs/A) may increase weed control.
Resource	4 to 6 fl oz/A	
Metribuzin 75	2 oz/A	Apply as a broadcast spray after corn emergence but before corn height exceed 30 inches and the crop canopy closes the row. A
+	+	non-ionic surfactant (1 gt/100 gal of spray solution) may be added to improve weed control. Use the higher rates of Tough as weeds
Tough	1 to 2 pt/A	approach to maximum height listed or are found in high density. Tough may improve control on triazine/ALS resistant weeds.
*Consult the approp	riate tank mix partner's	label for additional recommendations or restrictions. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes with Metribuzin 75.

*Consult the appropriate tank mix partner's label for additional recommendations or restrictions. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes with Metribuzin 75. 1 Application rate is based on, but not restricted to, 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon of 2,4-D.

Metribuzin 75 Post Directed Directions

Product	Rate	Directions And Remarks*
Metribuzin 75	2 to 3 oz/A	For corn greater than 8-inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. Apply only to varieties
+	+	known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops. 2,4-D applications
2,4-D Amine	3/4 to 1-1/2 pt/A1	may result in brittle corn stalks and winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage. To reduce damage, delay cultivation 8 to 10 days
or	or	after application.
2,4-D LVE	1/2 to 3/4 pt/A1	
Metribuzin 75	2 to 3 oz/A	For corn 8 to 36 inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles. Application may be made up to 15 days prior to corn
+	+	tasseling. If growing conditions are dry and plants are stressed, addition of a non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may
Banvel	1⁄2 pt/A	improve weed control. For corn grown on coarse textured soils, apply Banvel at 0.5 pt/acre, regardless of application method.
		Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of corn plants. Delay
		cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage.
Metribuzin 75	2 to 3 oz/A	Apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. Occasional temporary corn leaf
+	+	burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce
Buctril	1 to 1-1/2 pt/A	potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are not extreme.
or	or	
Buctril Gel	1/2 to 3/4 pt/A	
Metribuzin 75	3 to 4-1/2 fl oz/A	For corn 8 to 24 inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles. Include nonionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal) plus UAN (2.5
+	+	gal/100 gal) for optimum weed control.
Scorpion III	4 oz/A	
*Consult the approp	priate tank mix partner's	a label for additional recommendations or restrictions. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes with Metribuzin 75.

*Consult the appropriate tank mix partner's label for additional recommendations or restrictions. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes with Metribuzin 75. <u>1</u> Application rate is based on, but not restricted to, 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon of 2,4-D.

Weeds Controlled - Postemergence Broadcast Application

	I nese tank m	nixtures with	Metribuzin 75 v	vill control the follow			ne maximun	n weed neights lis	stea:	
	Metribuzin 75+ Banvel/ Buctril/Buctril									
	Atrazine	Clarity	Decourses		2,4-D	Markaman	Pursuit	Laddok S-12	Resource	Taugh
COMMONWEED	Atrazine	Clarity	Basagran	+ atrazine	2,4-D	Marksman	Pursuit	Laudok 5-12	Resource	Tough
NAME				MAXIMUM WE						
Amaranth, Palmer	4 a	4	2 a	4 a	<u>ED HEIGF</u> 4	4	8 b	6	4	4
Buckwheat. wild	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	4	4
Buffalobur	4	4	5	4	2	4	1	5	4	
Burcucumber	4	4		4	2	4	1			4
Carpetweed	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	3	4
Cocklebur, common	8	8	8	8	8	8	8 b	8	3	6
Eclipta	3	3	3	3	3	3	85	3	3	3
Henbit	3	3	2	2	2	4	3	3		4
							3		0	4
Horseweed/marestail	3	4	· · · · ·	1	3	6	-	2	3	-
Jimsonweed	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	6	3	5
Knotweed	6	6	6	4	2	6	4	6		4
Kochia	2 a	2	1 ^a	2 ª	2 a	2	2	2 a		4
_adysthumb	6	6	6	6	4	6	4	6	4	6
ambsquarters, common	6 a	6	1	6	6	6	4	5	4	4
ettuce, prickly	4	4		3	4	5		3		
Mallow, Venice	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4		
Norningglory, entire leaf	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2		
Norningglory, ivyleaf	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2		
Norningglory, pitted	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2		
Norningglory, tall	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2		
Austard, tansy	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Mustard, wild	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4
Nightshade, black	6	6		6	1	6	3	1		4
Nightshade, eastern black	6	6		6	1	3	1		4	
Pigweed, redroot	6 a	6	2 a	6 a	6	6	8 b	6 a	4	6
Pigweed, smooth	6 a	6	2 a	6 a	6	6	8 b	6 a	4	6
Poorjoe	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Purslane, common	1	3				4	1			3
Pusley, Florida	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	3	
Ragweed, common	5	5	3	5	5	6	3	4	3	
Ragweed, giant	4	5	2	4	3	6	4	4		
Sickelpod	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		2
Sida, prickly	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	1
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	6	6	6	6	4	6	4	6	4	
Sunflower, common	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6		5
Thistle, Russian	1	3	-	3	1	3	1	1		3
/elvetleaf	6 a	6	6	6	4	6	5	6	6	-
Vaterhemp, spp.	5 a	5	2 a	5 a	5	5	4 b	2 a	4	5
When weeds are approachi	-			-	-	-				

When weeds are approaching the maximum height listed or are found in high densities, use the higher rate of Metribuzin 75 and the selected tank mix p

^a These treatments will not control triazine resistant biotypes.

^b These treatments will not control ALS resistant biotypes.

WEEDS CONTROLLED - POST DIRECTED APPLICATION These tank mixtures with Metribuzin 75 will control the following annual weeds up to the maximum heights listed:

		Metribuzin 75 +		
COMMON WEED NAME	2,4-D	Banvel	Buctril	Scorpion III
		MAXIMUM WEED HEIGHT IN	N INCHES*	
Amaranth, Palmer	12	12	6	8
Cocklebur, common	12	12	12	15
Jimsonweed	12	10	10	8
Ladysthumb	6	8	6	6
Lambsquarters, common	12	12	10	12
Morningglory, entire leaf	18	18	6	12
Morningglory, ivyleaf	18	18	6	12
Morningglory, pitted	18	18	6	12
Morningglory, tall	18	18	6	12
Nightshade, black	10	8	8	6
Nightshade, eastern black	10	8	8	6
Pigweed, redroot	12	12	6	8
Pigweed, smooth	12	12	6	8
Ragweed, common	8	8	8	10
Ragweed, giant	12	12	8	15
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	6	8	6	6
Sunflower, common	12	12	12	12
Velvetleaf	10	8	8	8
Waterhemp, tall	12	12	6	8
KAAN	in a discourse to a landak that a discussion	al las la la la la calatina a la calatina de la la la la calatina de la calatina de la calatina de la calatina	of Mashella units 70 and the standard to all	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

*When weeds are approaching the maximum height listed or found in high densities, use the higher rate of Metribuzin 75 and the selected tank mix partners.

PERENNIAL WEED SUPPRESSION

The following Metribuzin 75 tank-mixtures will provide top growth burndown and in season suppression of the following perennial weeds; however, regrowth may occur. For the best performance on these weeds, use the maximum rates of Metribuzin 75, Banvel, Buctril, Buctril + atrazine, Clarity, Marksman, 2,4-D LVE or Pursuit specified for these tank-mixtures.

METRIBUZIN 75 + Banvel or Clarity

Bindweed, field; Dandelion, common; Dock, curly; Smartweed, swamp; Thistle, Canada.

METRIBUZIN 75 + Buctril or Buctril + atrazine

Thistle, Canada.

METRIBUZIN 75 + 2,4-D LVE

Bindweed, field; Dandelion, common; Dock, curly; Smartweed, swamp; Thistle, Canada.

METRIBUZIN 75 + Marksman

Bindweed, field; Dandelion; common; Dock, curly; Smartweed, swamp; Thistle, Canada.

Metribuzin 75 + Pursuit

Thistle, Canada.

PREPLANT AND PRE-EMERGENCE

Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Metribuzin 75 may be used for additional residual control of certain broadleaf weed species in corn when applied as a tank-mix combination with both grass and broadleaf herbicides registered and labeled for use in field corn. Metribuzin 75 can be tank-mixed with the following herbicides:

Alachlor	Bullet	Lariat	Pursuit*	
Atrazine	Clarity	Linex	Ramrod	
Banvel	Cycle	Linuron	Ramrod/	
Bicep	Dual	Lorox	Atrazine	
Bicep II	Dual II	Marksman	Simazine	
Bicep Lite	Frontier	Pentagon	Surpass	
Broadstrike + Dual	Guardsman	Prowl	Surpass 100	
Broadstrike Plus		Pursuit Plus*	Topnotch	
Harness Extra				

*Use only on Pursuit resistant/tolerant corn hybrids (IMI corn)

Application: Metribuzin 75 may be applied to field corn preplant without incorporation up to 30 days prior to planting or preemergence. Applications may be made by either ground or aerial equipment. For tank-mixes, follow the most restrictive application methods of all products used.

Special Precautions:

- 1. Do not apply more than 5-1/3 ounces Metribuzin 75 (0.25 pound active ingredient) per acre per growing season.
- 2. Do not apply on soils having pH 7.0 or greater.
- 3. Corn seed should be planted a minimum of 1-1/2 inches deep.
- Metribuzin 75 may only be used in hybrid seed corn production fields if both inbred parents are known to be tolerant to Metribuzin 75.
- 5. Do not use on muck soils as reduced weed control may result.
- Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in tankmixes

Feeding restrictions: Corn treated with Metribuzin 75 may be harvested for silage or grain 60 days after treatment. For tank-mixes, follow the most restrictive preharvest interval of all products used.

Weeds controlled: Metribuzin 75 will aid in the residual preemergence control of the following weed species when tank-mixed with other registered grass and/or broadleaf corn herbicides:

Horseweed/marestail	Smartweed, Pennsylvania	
Ladysthumb	Sunflower	
Lambsquarters, common	Velvetleaf	
Pigweed spp.	Waterhemp, Tall	
Ragweed, common		

*For control of emerged weeds refer to the "Burndown Weed Control" section of the Metribuzin 75 label.

METRIBUZIN 75 FIELD CORN RATE DIRECTIONS				
STATES	APPLICATION TIMING	METRIBUZIN 75 ozs/A		
Iowa	Preplant	2 to 5-1/3		
Kansas	(0 to 30 days)			
Missouri	Preemergence			
Nebraska	-			
South Dakota				
Illinois	Preplant	2 to 5-1/3		
Indiana	(10 to 30 days)			
Kentucky	Preplant	2 to 4		
Michigan	(0 to 9 days)			
Minnesota	Preemergence			
Ohio	-			
Wisconsin				

REMARKS: Apply as a broadcast spray prior to corn emergence from the soil.

Do not apply Metribuzin 75 on coarse textured soils with less than 1.5% organic matter. Do not apply more than 4 oz. Metribuzin 75 per acre on soils with less than 2.0% organic matter.

For heavy weed infestations and/or early preplant applications, use the higher rates of Metribuzin 75.

Consult the label of herbicide tank mix partners to determine proper use rates for the other product(s).

GARBANZO BEANS (Chickpeas)

California, Idaho, Oregon and Washington

Special Conditions of Sale for Use on Garbanzo Beans (Chickpeas): The following directions for use were developed under the direction of IR-4 (government minor crops use program). Buyer is advised that Loveland Products, Inc. makes no assurances regarding satisfaction with the product and that to the extent consistent with applicable law all risks of crop injury or product performance are assumed by the Buyer.

Metribuzin 75 herbicide may be used as a preemergence application for the suppression of certain broadleaf weeds in garbanzo beans.

WEEDS SUPPRESSED*:

Common Chickweed				
Common Lambsquarters				
Dog Fennel (Mayweed)				
Field Pennycress Henbit				

Pigweed Shepherdspurse Wild Mustard

*Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth compared to a non-treated area in the same field. Metribuzin 75 used alone will not control triazine-resistant weed species.

BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

CROP	METRIBUZIN 75 Lb/Acre
Garbanzo beans	1/3 to 1/2
	Apply specified dosage in a single preemergence application using 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment. Apply before or after planting but before crop emergence. Thorough incorporation, either by rainfall or by mechanical means, is essential for weed suppression. Under dry conditions, incorporate Metribuzin 75 into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil with spike harrows, or similar shallow incorporation equipment, then cross harrow to insure uni form soil incorporation. Where soil surface is moist at the time of application and rain follows before weed emergence, a broadcast application should provide adequate weed suppression. Use on coarse-textured soils, sandy soils or any soil with less than 1.5% organic matter will likely cause crop injury. Use the higher rate on fine textured soils (high in clay or organic matter) and in fields with a history of high weed populations.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Crop injury may result if crop is under stress conditions caused by cold weather, poor soil fertility, diseases or insect damage.

Crop injury may result if application if followed by heavy rain. Avoid application of more than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of irrigation within one month after application of Metribuzin 75, or crop injury may occur.

Do not use on clay knobs or poorly covered subsoils.

Do not apply preemergence on shallow seedlings less than 2 inches deep.

Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock within 40 days after application.

Maintain continuous spray tank agitation to keep material in suspension. Avoid overlapping of spray swaths and shut off spray booms while turning, slowing or stopping, or crop injury will occur.

NOTE: This treatment may cause some chlorosis or minor necrosis. Because garbanzo bean varieties may vary in their susceptibility to Metribuzin 75, determine crop tolerance prior to adoption as a field scale practice to prevent possible injury.

LENTILS AND PEAS

(Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Montana and North Dakota) Metribuzin 75 herbicide may be used as a preemergence and postemergence application for the suppression of certain broadleaf weeds in lentils and peas.

WEEDS SUPPRESSED*

MEEDO OOT THEOOED			
Common Chickweed**	Henbit**		
Lambsquarters	Corn Spurry		
Dog Fennel	Redroot Pigweed		
Shepherdspurse**	Pennsylvania Smartweed		
Field Pennycress	Pineapple Weed		
Wild Mustard	Prostrate Knotweed		
*Quantassian is a reduction in wood size and growth compared to a pan tracted area			

*Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth compared to a non-treated area in the same field.

**Preemergence application only.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION: Make a single preemergence application of Metribuzin 75 at ¼ to ½ lb per acre per crop year. Apply in 10 or more gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment or 5 or more gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment. Apply Metribuzin 75 before or after planting. Thorough incorporation, either by rainfall or by mechanical means, is essential for weed suppression. Under dry conditions, incorporate Metribuzin 75 into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil with spike harrows, or similar shallow incorporation equipment, then cross harrow to insure uniform soil incorporation. Where soil surface is moist at the time of application and rain follows before weed emergence, a broadcast application should provide adequate weed suppression.

Use the higher rate on fine-textured soils (high in clay or organic matter) and in fields with a history of high weed populations.

Metribuzin 75 may be applied pre- or post plant incorporated as a tank-mix combination with FARGO 4EC. Follow the Directions for Use statements on both product labels.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION: One postemergence application may be made per season. Use 1/6 to 1/3 lb of Metribuzin 75 per acre on **lentils** and **spring peas**. On **winter peas**, use 1/6 to 1/3 lb of Metribuzin 75 per acre. For suppression of dog fennel, use 1/3 lb Metribuzin 75 per acre. Apply specified dosage in 20 or more gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment or 5 or more gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment. Do not exceed 40 psi with ground spray equipment. Apply as a broadcast spray when weeds are small (less than 2 inches in height or diameter) and before crop is 6 inches tall.

Temporary chlorosis of the crop may occur. There is an added risk of crop injury if a postemergence application is made following a previous preemergence or post plant incorporated Metribuzin 75 application.

Do not apply over very moist soils or wet crop foliage. Do not apply postemergence applications within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather or crop injury may occur.

Do not apply within 24 hours of treatment with other pesticides.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS (all applications): Do not apply more than 2/3 lb Metribuzin 75 per acre per year. Crop injury may result if crop is under stress conditions caused by cold weather, low fertility, disease or insect damage.

Crop injury may also result if application is followed by heavy rain.

Do not use on coarse-textured soils, sandy soils or soils with less than 1.5% organic matter.

Do not apply to "Estin" lentils.

Do not use on clay knobs or poorly covered subsoils.

Do not apply on shallow seedlings less than 2 inches deep (preemergence only).

Do not apply within 50 days of harvest of peas, or within 75 days of harvest of lentils. Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock within 40 days after application.

Maintain continuous spray tank agitation to keep material in suspension. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while turning, slowing or stopping, or crop injury may occur.

NOTE: This treatment may cause some chlorosis or minor necrosis. Because lentil and pea varieties may vary in their susceptibility to Metribuzin 75, determining crop tolerance prior to adoption as a field scale practice is suggested to prevent possible injury.

For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information refer to the appropriate sections of this label.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR AREAS OF SUGARCANE USE

For aerial and chemigation application methods on sugarcane the maximum application rate is 2-2/3 lb Metribuzin 75/acre.

To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply this product by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft from sensitive plants. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

SUGARCANE (Hawaii Only)

Metribuzin 75, a selective herbicide, is effective as a preemergence and an early postemergence broadcast application for control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. When applied as a spot treatment, it also provides excellent control of perennial grasses and broadleaves.

Ground Application: Metribuzin 75 should be mixed by filling the spray tank half full of clean water. Then add the specified amount of Metribuzin 75 to suit the total tank capacity and the rate of application per acre (preferably 25 to 35 gallons per acre). Complete filling the tank and maintain sufficient agitation during mixing and spraying to ensure a uniform spray mixture.

Aerial Application: Metribuzin 75 may be used in aerial spray equipment as a preemergence or postemergence application to irrigated sugarcane. Aerial spray equipment should be calibrated to apply the proper amount of Metribuzin 75 in 5 to 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre.

Metribuzin 75 applied preemergence or postemergence to the sugarcane as a broadcast spray or spot treatment will effectively control the following when weeds are less than 3 inches in height.

Weeds Controlled in Irrigated and Non-irrigated Sugarcane Broadleaves Amaranth, Spiny (Amaranthus spinosus) Euphorbia, Wild (*Euphorbia* spp.) Fireweed (Erechtites hieracifolius) Floras paintbrush (Emilia sonochifolia) Spurge, Garden (Euphorbia hirta) Spurge, Graceful (Euphorbia glomerifera) Grasses Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Guineagrass (Panicum maximum) Plushgrass (Chloris radiate) Ricegrass (Oryzopsis hymenoides) Wiregrass (*Eleusine indica*) Weeds Controlled in Irrigated Sugarcane Only Broadleaves Amaranth, Spleen (Amaranthus dubius) Haole Koa (Leucaena leucocephala) Hialoa (Waltheria americana) Hilahila (Mimosa pudica) Purslane, Common (Portulaca oleracea) Rattlepod (Crotalaria spectabilis) Grasses Alexandergrass (Brachiaria plantaginea) Bristly foxtail (Setaria verticillata) Weeds Controlled in Non-Irrigated Sugarcane Only

Bristly foxtail (Setaria verticillata) Weeds Controlled in Non-Irrigated Sugarcane Only Broadleaves Ageratum (Ageratum conyzoides) Richardia (Richardia brasiliensis) Tarweed (Cuphea carthagenesis)

SUGARCANE (HAWAII ONLY)

METRIBUZIN 75	REMARKS
(Lb/Acre)	
2- ^{2/3} to 5- ^{1/3} (non-irrigated) 5- ^{1/3} to 8 (irrigated)	PREEMERGENCE (Irrigated and non-irrigated sugarcane): Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray to the soil surface. Applications should be made within two weeks after planting prior to cane emergence or shortly after emergence (spike stage).
	OR EARLY POSTEMERGENCE (Irrigated and non-irrigated sugarcane): Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray over the cane. Application may be delayed as long as 4 to 6 weeks after planning provided weeds are less than 3 inches in height.
2-2/3 to 5-1/3	OR POSTEMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray to control weeds prior to "close in" time when cane shades out the weed growth.
3-1/3 to 6-2/3	SPOT TREATMENT: Apply specified dosage in 30 to 50 gallons of finished spray per acre. Spot treatments may be used to control weeds in missed areas, corners of fields, or areas of hard to control weeds.

NOTE: Do not apply more than $10^{-2/3}$ lb of Metribuzin 75 (8 lb active ingredient) / acre crop cycle regardless of the method of application. The last application may be made up to 17 months of harvest.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Do not use treated foliage for feed or forage.

SUGARCANE

(Louisiana and Texas Only)

Preemergence and postemergence applications of Metribuzin 75 with aerial or ground spray equipment may be used for control of the following weeds in sugarcane in Louisiana and Texas:

Broadleaves

Amaranth, Spiny (Amaranthus spinosus) Bindweed, Field (Convolvulus arvensis) Chickweed (Cerastium vulgatum) Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) London rocket (Sisymbrium irio) Marestail (Conyza canadensis) Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber) Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) Sowthistle (Sonchus spp.)

Grasses

Broadleaf Signalgrass (*Brachiaria platyphylla*) Crabgrass (*Digitaria* spp.) Foxtails (*Setaria* spp.) Johnsongrass, Seedling (*Sorghum halepense*) Oats, Winter (*Avena* spp.)

SUGARCANE (LOUISIANA AND TEXAS ONLY) APPLICATIONS

<i>(</i> 1 • <i>L</i> •)	
(Lb/Acre)	REMARKS
	BROADCAST: Apply specified dosage per acre using 20 to 30 gallons of water with ground equipment or 5 gallons of water with aircraft spray equipment. Apply as a broadcast spray during the Fall after planting or to the stubble after harvest. Make a second application early in the Spring.
	BAND: Apply specified dosage in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre in a 30 to 36 inch band over the row during the Fall after planting or to the stubble after harvest. Make a second application early in the Spring.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS (Louisiana and Texas only):

Do not use treated foliage for food or forage.

Use the higher rate on heavy clay soil and soil with a high percentage of organic matter. If necessary, a third application may be made in late Spring at layby. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

SUGARCANE

(Florida Only)

Postemergence over-the-top or directed spray applications of Metribuzin 75 may be used for the control of the following weeds in sugarcane in Florida. Broadleaves

Amaranth, Spiny (seedling) (Amaranthus spinosus) Butterweed (Cressleaf groundsel) (Senecio glabellus)

Cudweed (Gnaphalium spp.)

Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)

Grasses *Crabgrass, large (Digitaris sanguinalis) Foxtail, bristlegrass (Setaria magna) Goosegrass (*Eleusine indica*)

Panicum, broadleaf (Panicum adspersum) Signalgrass, Broadleaf (Brachiaria platyphylla)

SUGARCANE (FLORIDA ONLY)

APPLICATIONS				
Metribuzin 75				
(Lb/Acre)	REMARKS			
1-1/3 to 2-2/3	GROUND APPLICATION: Metribuzin 75 may be used in one or two			
	applications with a minimum of 14 days between each application.			
	Apply when weeds are less than 6 inches tall in 10 to 40 gallons of			
	spray mixture per acre.			
	POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST OR BAND: Apply over the top of			
	stubble or plant cane while sugarcane is less than 14 inches tall.			
	POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY: Apply to sugarcane that is			
	a minimum of 14 inches tall and before row closing.			
1-1/3 to 2	AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply when weeds are less than 4 inches			
	tall in 5 to 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Apply to stubble or			
	plant cane while the sugarcane is less than 14 inches tall.			

Metribuzin 75 Plus Atrazine Tank-Mix: Metribuzin 75 may be used with atrazine as a preemergence or postemergence (before row closing) application to sugarcane. Rates for Metribuzin 75 are 1 to 2-2/3 lb/acre and atrazine 80% WP (4L) are 2-1/2 to 5 lb/acre (2 to 4 gt/acre). For additional information on precautions, instructions, limitations, application, and weeds controlled, refer to this label and the atrazine label

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS (Florida only): Do not use more than 2-2/3 lb per acre in a single growing season. Do not use on sand soils. Spray contact with sugarcane foliage may result in minor leaf margin chlorosis and/or necrosis.

Do not apply within 60 days of harvest. Do not use treated crop for feed or forage. Avoid spray overlaps or variations in application speed that may result in insufficient or excessive rates of application.

TOMATOES

Apply Metribuzin 75 herbicide with ground equipment to seeded and transplanted tomatoes as specified below under "Applications".

Aerial application is prohibited.

For effective control of grasses and broadleaf weeds with postemergence applications, apply Metribuzin 75 before weeds are 1-inch tall. Thorough spray coverage on weed foliage is essential for adequate control with postemergence applications.

Do not use air blast or other high pressure spray equipment to make postemergence applications of Metribuzin 75. Refer to the appropriate section of this label for additional information regarding spray equipment, dilution rates, mixing, sprayer, cleanup, restric-tions, container disposal and cautions.

For specific application information see the "General Information" section in the front of this label

WEEDS CONTROLLED

PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS TRANSPLANT TOMATOES ONLY Broadcast Sprays - 1/3 to 2/3 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre

Broadleaves Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.)

Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album)

*Piqweed. Redroot (Amaranthus retroflexus) *Purslane, Common (Portulaca oleracea)

Grasses

*Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)

Preplant incorporated applications applied as directed will suppress foxtails, panicums and barnvardorass.

Metribuzin 75/Trifluralin Tank Mix: This tank mix combination applied preplant incorporated as directed on this label will control the weeds listed above plus those weeds listed on the trifluralin label.

*For optimum control of these weeds, use the higher rate provided on the label for the type of application to be made. Repeat postemergence applications may be needed for best control.

Postemergence applications as directed on this label will suppress barnyardgrass and crabgrass when these weeds are less than 1-inch tall.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS ESTABLISHED TOMATOES For effective control of weeds with postemergence applications, apply Metribuzin 75 before weeds are 1-inch tall.

Broadcast Sprays 1/3 to 2/3 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre Broadleaves Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) Fumitory (Fumaria officinalis) Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp) *Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium) *Ladysthumb (Polygonum persicaria) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber) Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) *Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia) *Smartweed, Pennsylvania (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Toadflax (Linuria spp.) *Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti) Directed Sprays 2/3 to 1-1/3 Lb Metribuzin 75/Acre Grasses *Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)

Plus Weeds Listed Under Broadcast Sprays

For optimum control of these weeds, use the higher rate provided on the label for the type of application to be made. Repeat postemergence applications may be needed for best control.

Postemergence applications as directed on this label will suppress barnyardgrass and crabgrass when these weeds are less than 1-inch tall.

Metribuzin 75	
*lb/Acre	REMARKS
1/3 to 2/3	PREPLANT INCORPORATED - TRANSPLANT TOMATOES ONLY
	Apply specified dosage in 10 or more gallons of water per acre as a
	broadcast spray to the soil surface immediately before transplanting.
	Incorporate to a depth of 2 to 4 inches with equipment capable of
	uniformly mixing the chemical into the soil. This application may be
	made alone or in a tank mix combination with trifluralin. When trans-
	planting tomatoes, place the root system of the plants below the
	herbicide incorporation zone or injury may occur. Refer to the
	trifluralin label for specific rate of application and for additional
	precautions and restrictions for tomatoes.
1/3 to 2/3	POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST SPRAY - ESTABLISHED
	TOMATOES: Apply specified dosage in 20 or more gallons of water
	per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply in 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water
	(use 1/4 to 1/2 inch of water on sandy soils) per acre as a continuous
	injections in center pivot and lateral move systems or apply in the las
	15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkler systems. One
	or more applications may be applied per use season. Allow at least
	14 days between applications or severe crop injury may occur. For
	transplanted tomatoes, do not apply until transplants have recovered
	from transplant shock and new growth is evident. Do not apply to
	tomatoes within 24 hours of application of other pesticides. Do not
	tank mix with other pesticides. (See "Special Precautions" below.)
² /3 to 1-1/3	POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY - ESTABLISHED
	TOMATOES: Apply specified dosage in 20 or more gallons of water
	per acre as a directed spray. One or more applications may be
	applied per use season. Allow at least 14 days between applications
	or severe crop injury may occur. Avoid contacting tomato foliage with
	spray. This method of treatment is recommended for use in fields with
	a history of severe weed pressure or in fields infested with hard-to-
	control weeds. For transplanted tomatoes, do not apply until trans-
	plants have recovered from transplant shock and new growth is
	evident. Do not apply to tomatoes within 24 hours of application of
	other pesticides. (See "Special Precautions" below.) When banding
	see the appropriate section in the front of this label.

ie nigner ra fields with a history of severe weed residual weed control.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS (Tomatoes): Do not apply more than a total of 1-1/3 lb Metribuzin 75 per crop season.

Do not apply the total amount of 1-1/3 lb Metribuzin 75 within a time span of less than 35 days, except in the case of directed sprays.

Allow at least 14 days between applications, regardless of dosage or method of application or severe crop injury may occur.

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet or cloudy weather, or crop injury will occur.

Do not use hot caps on tomatoes within 7 days before or at any time after application of Metribuzin 75. Do not treat seeded tomatoes until plants have reached the 5 to 6 leaf stage or severe crop injury may occur.

Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from broadcast or directed spray applications if tomatoes are growing under stress conditions such as periods of drought or cool, wet and cloudy weather preceding application.

For newly introduced tomato varieties with unknown tolerance to Metribuzin 75, treat only a small area to determine if Metribuzin 75 can be used without injury to the crop.

DO NOT USE METRIBUZIN 75 ON TOMATOES IN KERN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

CEREALS

(Spring and Winter Barley and Winter Wheat)

Metribuzin 75 herbicide may be used for control or suppression of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied postemergence to spring and winter barley or winter wheat. Metribuzin 75 alone and several tank-mixture treatments are recommended for use in the following states: AR, GA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MS, MO, MT, NV, OH, OK, OR, TN, TX, UT, WA.

Mixing: See the "General Information" section of this label for specific mixing procedures. When tank-mixing, carefully follow the instructions on this label. Refer to the other product labels registered for use in barley and winter wheat for additional use directions, rates, weeds controlled and restrictions.

Application: Metribuzin 75 may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment. Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gpa by air and 10 gpa by ground. Uniform spray coverage is necessary to obtain optimum weed control and to minimize potential for crop injury. Do not exceed rates specified on this label. Do not apply Metribuzin 75 through any type of irrigation equipment. Apply Metribuzin 75 when the crop is healthy and actively growing. Metribuzin 75 may be applied more than once per crop season. Allow a minimum of 21 days between applications if wheat is actively growing or allow 45 days between applications if wheat is actively growing or allow 45 days between applications if wheat is actively growing or allow 45 days or is stressed due to frost damage, disease, drought or excessive moisture. Do not use on soils containing less than 0.75% organic matter. Do not apply more than a total of 10.66 ounces Metribuzin 75 (8 ounces active ingredient) per acre per year. On irrigated cereals, do not apply more than 0.5 inch of water for the first irrigation, the maximum amount for each additional irrigation should not exceed 1 inch. Allow a minimum of 14 days between the first irrigation and subsequent irrigations.

Performance Factors: Weed control may not be observed for 2 to 4 weeks under normal growth conditions and for 4 to 6 weeks under very dry conditions. Moisture (at least ½ inch) is required within 2 to 3 weeks after application to move Metribuzin 75 into the weed root zone. Lack of adequate moisture after application may result in poor or erratic weed control. Control or suppression of listed weeds is dependent on weed size at time of application. Control or suppression may be reduced if broadleaf weeds are taller than 1 inch or grasses have more than 2 leaves.

Tank-mixtures: Metribuzin 75 may be tank-mixed with Ally, Amber, Finesse, Glean FC, Harmony Extra, 2,4-D, MCPA, Igran, Banvel/Banvel SGF, Bronate or Buctril herbicides. A nonionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient may be used in Metribuzin 75 tank-mixes with sulfonylurea herbicides (Ally, Amber, Finesse, Glean FC and Harmony Extra). Do not use a crop oil concentrate or any adjuvant containing vegetable or petroleum oils with any Metribuzin 75 mix as crop injury may result. Additional pesticides may also be tank-mixed with Metribuzin 75 unless specifically prohibited on the mix products' label. In some instances, combinations with organophosphate insecticides may cause temporary leaf yellowing and/or crop injury, especially when widely fluctuating day/night temperatures occur near application. Always refer to the other product labels registered for use on cereals for additional directions, rates and weed species controlled. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

Feeding Restrictions: Do not graze wheat within 14 days of Metribuzin 75 application or harvest grain within 21 days after last application. Do not graze or harvest barley before crop maturity. For tank-mix combinations, follow the most restrictive label.

Special Precautions: Cereal Injury - Crop injury may occur if Metribuzin 75 is applied: 1. When the crop is under stress such as winter kill, frost damage, disease, drought or

- excessive moisture, severe grazing, or when these conditions follow the application. 2. In combination with fluid fertilizer especially with the addition of surfactant.
- Prior to the growth stage specified on this label.
- 4. To soils high in lime or sodium, a pH greater than 7.7, calcareous, gravelly, thinly
- covered or exposed subsoil areas.
- 5. To fields where cereal seeds have been planted less than 1 inch deep.

- 6. To a non-winter hardy wheat or barley variety as listed below.
- 7. To a sensitive wheat or barley variety as listed below.
- 8. To frozen soil or crop still in winter dormancy.

Cereal Rotations Following Potatoes Treated with Metribuzin 75: If planting a sensitive cereal variety (listed under the wheat and barley variety tolerance portion of this label), following potatoes treated with Metribuzin 75 or metribuzin containing products, refer to the potato section of the Metribuzin 75 label for special cultural practices to follow.

APPLICATION

Metribuzin 75 alone or in a tank-mix with labeled broadleaf herbicides may be applied by aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast postemergence spray.

POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATIONS OF METRIBUZIN 75

			METRIBUZIN 75 RATE (oz/A)	
CROP		% ORGANIC N		
GROWTH STAGE	SOIL TEXTURE	0.75 to 2.0	OVER 2.0	
2 Leaf to 2 Tiller	Coarse	1 to 2	1 to 3	
	Medium	1 to 3	2 to 3	
	Fine	2 to 3	2 to 4	
	Use these rates on crops with secondary roots smaller than 1			
	inch.			
		r wheat (non-irrigated),	apply the highest	
		hieve maximum weed		
	suppression/cont			
3 Tiller to 4 Tiller	Coarse	3 to 4	4 to 5	
	Medium	4 to 5	5 to 6	
	Fine	5 to 6	5 to 6	
	Do not apply within 2 weeks after grazing or breaking of			
	winter dormancy. Apply after the crop is at or beyond the 3			
		tiller growth stage but before jointing. Secondary roots should		
	be developed and larger than 1 inch long. Do not apply before			
	75 days after plar	75 days after planting.		
	For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest			
	labeled rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/			
	control.			
	GEORGIA ONLY: Wheat must be planted before November			
	15 in Piedmont area and Northern part of the state, and			
	before December	1 in the Coastal Plain	area.	
Over 4 Tillers	Coarse	4 to 6	5 to 8	
	Medium	4 to 8	5 to 8	
	Fine	5 to 8	8 to 10-2/3	
	Do not apply within 2 weeks after grazing or breaking of			
	winter dormancy. Apply after the crop is at or beyond the 3			
	tiller growth stage but before jointing. Secondary roots should			
	be developed and larger than 1 inch long. Do not apply before			
	75 days after planting.			
	For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest			
	labeled rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/			
	control.			
	GEORGIA ONLY	Wheat must be plante	d before November	
		rea and Northern part of		
	before December 1 in the Coastal Plain area.			

WHEAT AND BARLEY VARIETAL TOLERANCE*

Wheat and barley varieties vary in their tolerance to Metribuzin 75. Varieties below are tolerant to and are recommended for use with Metribuzin 75.

Winter Wheat: Abe, AgriPro Mason, AgriPro Shiloh, Arthur, AS 7846, AS 7853, Baker Seed 32, Barbie VI, Basin, Batum, Bayles, Becker, Bintee V, Buchshot DS 2368, Caldwell, Cardinal, Cashup, Centurk, Cherokee, Cheyenne, Clark, Coker 747, Coker 762, Coker 797, Coker 68-15, Coker 9134, Coker 9543, Coker 9904, Coker 9907, Daws, DB 553W, DB 562W, DB 580W, Delta King 502, Delta King 9027, Dixie 952, Doublecrop, Dusty, Dyna-gro 426, Dynasty, Excel, Faro, FFR 525W, Florida 302, FS 432, FS 433, FS 435, Gains, Garst 64, Georgia 100, Genie V, Hatton, Hawk, Hill 81, Howell, Hunter, Hyak, Hyslop, Katie VI, Ky 16-2, Larned, Lewis 833, Lewjain, Lisa, Longhorn, Luke, Madsen, Magnum, Malcom, McDermid, McNair 1003, McNair 1813, Molly, Moro, Neely, Nelson, Newton, Norstar, Norwin, Nugaines, Oasis, Omega 78, Paha, Peck, Pike, PI 2157, PI 2180, PI 2510, PI 2545, PI 2548, PI 2550, PI 2552, PI 2555, PI 2566, PI 2571, PI 2580, PI 2684, Quantum 577, Redwin, Rocky, Saluda, Sawyer, SC 104, Siouxland, Sprague, Southern Belle, Stacy, Stallion, Stephens, TAM W101, TAM 105, TE 877, TE 2548, TE SR204, Tiber, Tomahawk, TR 8555, TR 8557, TR 8768, Traveler, Tres, Tyee, Tyler, Verne, Victory, Wakefield, Wanser, Weston, Winalta, Wrangler.

Barley: Advance, Boyer, Clark, Compana, Hannchen, Hector, Hesk, Hudson, Lud, Luther, Kamiak, Klages, Olympic, Piroline, Steptoe, and Triumph.

The following cereal varieties are sensitive to Metribuzin 75 and are <u>not recommended</u> for use:

Winter Wheat: AgriPro Clemens, AT 90W, AT 91W, Arapaho, Baker Seed 33, Century, Cimarron, Coker 833, Coker 916, Coker 983, Coker 9024, Coker 9105, Coker 9323, Coker 9474, Coker 9663, Coker 9835, Coker 0264, Coker 9766, Coker 9877, EK 102, EK 114, FFR 555, Florida 304, Freedom, FS 417, FS 423, FS 425, FS 430, Gore, Hazen, Hickory, Jackson, Julie III, KY 49-25, Linden, Madison, Mesa, Mustang, Pacer, PI XW 522, PI 2551, PI 2163, Pioneer 2691, Princeton 733, PSR W71, PSR 226, PSR 278, Rosen, Savannah, Sierra, TAM 107, TR 101, TR 1011, TR 8822, Triumph 64, Vona, Wings, Winridge, Yamhill.

Spring/Durum Wheat: Avoid use on Spring wheat and Durum wheat varieties.

Barley: Glenn, Morex, Moravian 3, Larker, Summit, Bracken, Anheuser Busch B2601 and varieties with Morex parentage.

Varieties Not Listed: To avoid possible crop injury on any variety not mentioned in this label, contact a Loveland Products, Inc. representative or herbicide expert for a variety recommendation prior to treatment or treat a small strip of unlisted variety with the specified Metribuzin 75 rate to ascertain crop tolerance before treating an entire field.

*Abbreviated names of vendors: AS (Agseco), AT (Agratech), DB (Diener Bros.), FS (Growmark FS), PI (Pioneer), PSR (Hybritech), SC (J.M. Schultz), TE (Terra), and TR (Terral).

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Used at specified rates, Metribuzin 75 will control many annual broadleaf weeds. Control is best when applied to young, actively growing weeds. Weeds controlled by Metribuzin 75 include:

Bittercress	Knotweed, Prostrate
Catchfly, Conical (Sand)	Lambsquarter, Common
Catchweed (Madwort)	Lettuce, Miners
Chickweed, Common	Mustard, Blue Mustard, Wild
Chickweed, Mousear	Pennycress, Field
Corncockle Dogfennel (Mayweed)	Pepperweed, Virginia
Evening Primrose, Cutleaf	Pigweed, spp.
Falseflax, Smallseed	Pineappleweed Polemonium, Annual
Fiddleneck, Tarweed	(Jacob's Ladder)
Filaree, Redstem	Radish, Wild
Geranium	Shepardspurse
Carolina Gromwell, spp.	Speedwell, Ivyleaf
Henbit	Turnip, Wild

WEEDS SUPPRESSED

Metribuzin 75 control of the following weeds varies from poor to excellent depending on time of application, stage of growth at application, temperatures and soil moisture conditions following treatment. For maximum effect on these weeds, apply the highest specified rate at the earliest growth stage timing for each particular soil type and organic matter. Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth as compared to a non-treated area in the same field.

Mustard, Tumble (Jim Hill)*

Mustard, Treacle (Eyrsimum repandum)

Mustard, Wild (*Brassica kaber*) Pennycress, Field (Fanweed)

Pigweeds (Amaranthua spp.)

Sunflower (Helianthus spp.)

*Wild Oats (Avena fatua)

*Russian thistle (Salsola iberica)

*Wheat, Volunteer (Triticum spp.)

(Thlaspi arvense)

Tansymustard

Vetch, Winter

Thistle, Russian

Broadleaves

Buckwheat, Wild* Buttercup, spp. Cowcockle Kochia* Lettuce, Prickly

Grasses	
Barely, Hare (Wild)	Brome, Ripgut*
Barley, Little	Cheat*
Blackgrass	Foxtail, spp*
Bluegrass, Annual	Oat, Wild*
Bluegrass, Bulbous	Rescuegrass*
Brome, Downy*	Whitlowgrass, Spring (Vernal)
Brome, Japanese*	Windgrass

*Use the highest specified Metribuzin 75 rate for maximum weed suppression.

FOR WEED CONTROL IN A WHEAT/FALLOW/WHEAT ROTATION

(Idaho, Oregon, Utah and Washington Only)

Metribuzin 75 may be applied to provide weed control during the fallow period after wheat harvest or in the Spring before winter wheat is planted. Winter wheat can be seeded 4 months (120 days) after Spring application. Mechanical tillage or the application of a contact herbicide may be required to control weeds germinating prior to seeding of winter wheat. Best results will be obtained where straw and chaff are evenly distributed across the field.

For specific application information see the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Where weed growth is present at application time, Metribuzin 75 should be applied with Gramoxone or other contact herbicide. Refer to the other product label registered for additional directions, rates, and weed species controlled.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Broadleaves

Chickweed, Common (Stellaria media) Cowcockle (Vaccaria pyramidata) Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) *Kochia (Kochia scoparia) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Mustard, Blue or Purple (Chorispora tenella) Mustard, Jim Hill (Sisymbrium altissimum) Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)

Grasses

Cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*) Downy Brome (*Bromus tectorum*) *Foxtail, Green (*Setaria viridis*)

*Note: Since control of these weeds may be variable depending on moisture following application, the higher labeled rate is recommended.

After Harvest Application (Fall Fallow): Metribuzin 75 may be applied to wheat stubble after harvest in the Fall. Apply 2 /₃ to 5 /₆ lb per acre broadcast before weeds emerge. Use higher rate for longer weed control or for weeds designated as requiring the higher rate for control. Rainfall (½ inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation.

Do not plant crops in treated areas for at least 10 months following Fall applications.

Metribuzin 75 may be applied at 2 /s to 5 /6 lb per acre as directed above for a Fall application. If other vegetation is present at the time of application, use a contact herbicide.

Spring Application (Summer Fallow): Metribuzin 75 may be applied to wheat stubble in the Spring. Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ lb per acre broadcast before weeds emerge in the Spring. Use higher rate for longer weed control or weeds designated as requiring higher rate for control. Rainfall ($\frac{1}{2}$ inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation.

Precautions and Restrictions: Do not graze treated fields.

Do not plant Spring seeded cereals following Fall applications fallow.

Where Metribuzin 75 was applied in the Fall, do not apply Metribuzin 75 in the Spring.

FOR WEED CONTROL IN A FALLOW ROTATION WITH BARLEY AND WHEAT (Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska and Wyoming Only.)

Metribuzin 75 may be applied to provide weed control during the fallow period after wheat or barley harvest or in the Spring before planting of Winter wheat or barley. Mechanical tillage or the application of a contact herbicide may be required to control weeds germinating prior to seedling of Winter wheat or barley.

For specific application information see the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

Where weed growth is present at application time, Metribuzin 75 should be applied with Gramoxone, Roundup, or other contact herbicide. Refer to the other product label registered for additional directions, rates, and weeds species controlled. Do not plant crops in treated areas earlier than 10 months following Fall applications.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Broadleaves Chickweed, Common (Stellaria media) Cowcockle (Vaccaria pyramidata) Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) *kochia (Kochia scoparia) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Mustard, Blue or Purple (Chorispora tenella) Mustard, Blue or Purple (Chorispora tenella) Mustard, Blue or Purple (Chorispora tenella) Mustard, Jim Hill (Sisymbrium altissimum) Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata) Mustard, Tracale (Eyrsimum repandum) Mustard, Tracale (Eyrsimum repandum) Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber) Pennycress, Field (fanweed) (Thlaspi arvense) Pigweeds (Amaranthua spp.) Russian thiste (Salsola iberica) Sunflower (Helianthus spp.)

Grasses

Cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*) Downy Brome (*Bromus tectorum*) **Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis*) *Wheat, Volunteer (*Triticum* spp.) *Wild Oats (*Avena fatua*) ***Note:** Since control of these weeds may vary depending on moisture following application, use the higher rate specified below.

AFTER HARVEST APPLICATION (Fall Fallow): Metribuzin 75 may be applied to the stubble after harvest in the Fall. Apply 5/6 to 1 lb per acre broadcast before weeds emerge. Use the higher rate for longer weed control or for weeds designated as requiring the higher rate for control. Rainfall ($\frac{1}{2}$ inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.

SPRING APPLICATION (Summer Fallow): Metribuzin 75 may be applied to the stubble in the Spring. Apply ½ to $\frac{2}{3}$ lb per acre broadcast before weeds emerge in the Spring. Use the higher rate for longer weed control or weeds designated as requiring the higher rate for control. Rainfall (½ inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation. Wheat or barley can be seeded 120 days after Spring application.

Precautions and Restrictions: Do not graze treated fields.

Do not plant Spring seeded cereals following Fall applications for fallow.

Where Metribuzin 75 was applied in the Fall, do not apply Metribuzin 75 in the Spring.

CROP ROTATION DIRECTIONS

Waiting Period Af	N DIRECTIONS ter Metribuzin 75 Herbicide	Application ¹	
4 Months	Alfalfa	Soybeans	
	Asparagus	Sugarcane	
	Barley ²	Tomatoes	
	Corn	Wheat ²	
	Forage Grasses		
	Sainfoin		
8 Months	Barley	Peas	
	Lentils	Wheat	

CROP ROTATION DIRECTIONS cont'd.:

Waiting Period After Metribuzin 75 Herbicide Application 1

12 Months	Potatoes	Rice ³
18 Months	Sugar Beets Onions	And other root crops not listed on this label and all other crops not listed on this label.

Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label after application of Metribuzin 75 to sugarcane.

- ¹ Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed. Stand reductions may occur in some areas.
- ² Following peas, lentils or soybeans.
- ³ Do not rotate rice after any application to a primary crop greater than 1.0 lb. ai/A of Metribuzin 75 per season.

FOR USE ON BENTGRASS GROWN FOR SEED AND FOR WEED CONTROL IN $\mathsf{ESTABLISHED}^1$ PERENNIAL GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED IN OREGON WEST OF THE CASCADE MOUNTAINS AND IN CROOK, DESCHUTES AND WASCO COUNTIES.

¹Established grasses are those which have been harvested at least once for seed or were planted one year or more prior to application.

For Weed Control in Established Perennial Bentgrass Grown For Seed

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used as directed below, Metribuzin 75 will reduce competition from seedlings of annual Bromus species, annual ryegrass, and annual bluegrass. Metribuzin 75 will control rattail fescue, henbit, ivyleaf speedwell, chickweed, mustards, and shepherdspurse.

Crop Tolerance: Crop tolerance is marginal and crop injury and yield reduction are possible. To minimize crop injury, apply when the crop is not under stress. Use of adjuvants will reduce crop tolerance. Making the application after three consecutive sunny days will reduce the potential for crop injury.

CROP	METRIBUZIN 75 Ib/acre	REMARKS
Bentgrass grown for seed	0.38 to 0.5	Apply Metribuzin 75 as a broadcast spray in at least 15 gallons of spray solution per acre when the volunteer grasses are in the 1- to 2-leaf growth stage following fall rainfall or irrigation and before active spring growth. Excessive crop injury and/or failure to control weeds may result if application is made after mid-February. Allow at least 120 days between application and harvest for seed.

Application Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than once per year.
- Do not apply to a crop that is under stress, for example, from disease, severe insect damage, nutrient deficiency, cool to cold temperatures, or deficient or excessive moisture.
- 3. Apply only to Colonial and Creeping Bentgrass.
- Apply only to established bentgrass that is at least one year old and has been harvested for seed at least once.
- 5. Do not tank mix with other herbicides.

Feeding Restrictions: Do not use the crop or crop residues as feed or livestock bedding for at least 28 days following the last application.

For weed control in Established Perennial Grasses Grown for Seed

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used as directed below, Metribuzin 75 will reduce competition from volunteer seedlings of the indicated crop, annual Bromus species, annual ryegrass, and annual bluegrass, Metribuzin 75 will control rattail fescue, henbit, hyleaf speedwell, chickweed, mustards, and shepherdspurse. The addition of wetting agents containing crop oil may enhance control of the volunteer crop and grassy weeds. When adding wetting agents, follow the directions for use and recommended rates on the wetting agent label.

Metribuzin 75 is compatible with most fertilizers, fungicides, and insecticides. Metribuzin 75 may be combined with other herbicides for enhanced weed control. Prior to tank mixing with another herbicide, refer to the GENERAL INFORMATION section of this label.

CROP	METRIBUZIN 75 Ib/acre	REMARKS
Perennial Ryegrass Tall Fescue	1/3 to 3/4	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast spray in at least 15 gallons of spray solution per acre when the volunteer grasses are in the 1- to 2-leaf stage following fall rainfall or irrigation but prior to active spring growth. Excessive crop injury and/or failure to control weeds may result if application is made after mid- February. Allow at least 120 days between application and harvest.
Bluegrass Fine Fescue Orchardgrass	1/3 to 1⁄2	

Application Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than once per year.
- 2. Do not apply Metribuzin 75 through any type of irrigation system.
- 3. Crop and crop residues may be fed to livestock or used as bedding. If the seed crop is terminated and grazed or cut for forage, allow at least 28 days between application and use as animal feed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area. Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaktion or material particular for any concerner action by the prevent spillage.

ing or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully sweep material into a pile. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Dispose of pesticide as directed above. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incinerate, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, read the entire Directions for Use

and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVE-LAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCT'S, INC. and the seller. The buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

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