Lonicera japonica

Japanese honeysuckle

Lonicera japonica Thunb.

Family: Caprifoliaceae

Description: A popular ornamental. Sprawling and climbing perennial, smothers shrubs. Young stems hairy. Leaves opposite, ovate, lower leaves sometimes lobed, 3 inches long by 1.5 inches wide. Flowers in pairs at the axils, white, maturing to yellow. Fruits rarely except in Mānoa Valley; fruit roundish, blue-black. Genus named in honor of 16th century German botanist Adam Lonitzer⁽⁷⁰⁾; *japonica*, of Japan⁽¹⁹⁾.

Distribution: Native to Asia. A serious weed on two million acres of U.S. mainland forests⁽³⁸⁾. First collected on Hawai'i in 1951⁽⁷⁰⁾. Occurs in mesic to wet areas such as Kōke'e on Kaua'i and Volcano on Hawai'i, from sea level to at least 4000 ft.

Environmental impact: Smothers plants in mesic to wet forests.



Management: Sensitive to hormone-type herbicides and to metsulfuron and glyphosate⁽³⁸⁾.